Newport Mercury.

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A Good Thing for Newport.

The Newport Golf Club's purchase of the King land last week was a very important transaction for Newport. It means the establishment of a grand park, provided with ample means for all the popular outdoor games and sports, including polo, golf, trotting and steeplechase racing, etc. This will be a new institution to Newport and one much to be desired, under the management that this one will have.

The tract of land purchased is bounded on Brenton and Moorland roads and Ocean and Harrison avenues, and contains about 140 acres. It is beautifully located, commanding from its elevation fine views of Old Ocean on the one side and of the northern portion of the city on the other side, looking through the valley which opens into the harbor between Commodore Morgan's villa and Fort Adams.

The topography of the ground, too, is just suited to the purposes for which it is now intended. Sixty acres of it are high, while the remaining eighty acres are quite low and comparatively level. The low land is to be thoroughly drained and provided with one of the best race tracks that money can lay out, while on the elevation is to be built at once a $30,000 club house. This club house will command a full and unobstructed view of all the sports carried on on the low land as well as of the ocean and of the immediate surrounding country which is most picturesque.

The Irons-Cowie Wedding.

Old Trinity was the scene of another very pretty wedding Tuesday afternoon, the high contracting parties being Mr. Irving P. Irons, of Newport and Providence, and Mrs. Florence N. Cowie, daughter of Mr. Peleg Bryer of this city. The ceremony was performed at 2 o'clock by Rev. G. J. Magill, D. D., rector of the church, and was witnessed by a large gathering of relatives and friends of the bride and groom. The bride, dressed in a handsome, well-fitting traveling costume of blue with dark trimmings, and unattended by bridesmaids, was given away by her father. Mr. Hy. B. Anthony, of New York, performed the duties of best man, and the ushers were Mr. James M. Bryer, brother of the bride, and Dr. Chas. W. Stewart, of this city, and Messrs. Walter and Samuel Irons, brothers of the groom, of Providence. The marriage ceremony was followed by a wedding breakfast at the residence of the bride's parents on Park street, after which Mr. and Mrs. Irons departed on their wedding trip which is to include a visit to the World's Fair.

At the World's Fair.

Following are some of the Newporters who have been "doing" the World's Fair this week: Messrs. Stephen DeBlois, Augustus Paerbor, Fred M. Hammett, George Ritchie, Henry H. Gifford, Thos. P. Peckham, James T. Wright, John A. Pinard, Cazeau Pinard, Thomas Louden and John A. Allan, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Albro, Lester F. Albro, Mrs. Wm. H. Thurston and Miss Mary Hammond.

Sergeant Allen C. Griffith of the police department has gone to Milwaukee, Wisconsin, as a delegate from the Rhode Island Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows to the annual meeting of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows. He is accompanied by his daughter.

The Women's Home Mission Society of the Baptist churches of the city held an "envelope meeting" at the residence of Mrs. P. S. Taggart on Broadway, Thursday evening, the object being to raise funds for clothing to be sent to a missionary family in Indian Territory.

The annual ball of the Ancient Order of Hibernians took place at Odd Fellows' Hall Wednesday night and, like its predecessors, was a very enjoyable affair.

There were numerous society entertainments here last Saturday, including Mr. Center Hitchcock's picnic and Mrs. Robert Garrett's children's party.

Ludwig W., the little four-years old son of Mr. and Mrs Erwin Frank of 41 Second street, died suddenly Monday from the effects of a fall.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. K. Covell will be among next week's visitors to the World's Fair. They expect to be gone about three weeks.

Mrs. Bottome, national president of the King's Daughters, gave an interesting talk at Grace Chapel Sunday evening.

Patrolman Moore of the police force has been presented with a handsome timepiece by the merchants along his beat.

Lieut. W. McCarty Little, U. S. N., has been a guest of Mrs. Hunter on Rhode Island avenue this week.

The great coal sheds of Gardiner B. Reynolds & Co., are receiving new roofs and other needed repairs.

Mrs. DeLancy Kane and family are at their cottage on Sunnyside Place for the autumn.

TOWNSEND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

An Important Addition to Newport's Educational Institutions—A Handsome Substantial and Commodious Building now in Course of Erection.

Work upon the new industrial school building on Broadway is progressing rapidly and at the opening of another school year this new and highly important addition to Newport's educational institutions will be equipped and ready for occupancy.

It will be a substantial, commodious building, and, thanks to the good taste of the architect, a handsome one, although no money is to be wasted in exterior ornamentation.

The building measures 63x83 feet on the ground, is of common red brick, laid up in colored mortar, with faced gray brick window trimmings and Indiana limestone water table and window sills, and sets back from the front line fence sixty feet, with the platform at the main entrance at an elevation of about ten feet above the level of the sidewalk. The main entrance will be by a porch, topped by a balustrade and supported by turned columns with carved capitals, and the steps leading up to it, and the buttresses, will be of granite. The roof of the building, which will have three dormers fronting to the South, two to the north and one to the west, will be of dark slate with ornamental cornice of Colonial design. The building will be practically four stories in height, the basement and attic floors being equally serviceable with the others.

The basement is partitioned off into suitable compartments, on the north side being a forging room 30x60 feet and boiler, engine and coal rooms, with water closets, etc., for the boys, and on the south side one large machine shop. There are three exits from the basement, one on the north side, one on the south side, and one through the building.

The main entrance to the first-floor is through a vestibule measuring 6x11 feet into a twelve-foot hallway running east and west the entire depth of the building with five-foot stairways at either end leading to the floor above. Opening from this hall to the left is a room 30x80 feet, devoted entirely to wood-working machinery and bench carpenter's benches, band-sawing, turning and other machines. At the right of the hall are dress-making and sewing rooms, measuring 20x24 feet and 20x30 feet respectively and connected by folding doors, and the office, 12x20 feet, which opens out of the vestibule.

On the second floor the hallway is the same as on the first, stairways at either end leading to the third floor. From this hall to the left are two rooms—a class room 30x44 feet, in front, and a cooking room 30x30 feet, in the rear—with ample wardrobes between. On the opposite side of the hall is a front room, 20x30 feet, intended as a recitation room, and a back room, 20x28 feet, for advanced cooking. Between these two rooms are lavatories, water closets, etc., for the teachers and girl pupils.

The third story, or attic, is divided by a hallway, the same as the lower stories. Opening from this hallway to the right, or south, are three rooms of about equal dimensions, while the entire space on the north side is in one room, measuring about 30x80 feet, for the use of the drawing classes.

The building is to be piped for gas and wired for electric lights, and will probably be heated by steam, although no contract for heating or plumbing has yet been given out. The interior finish of the building throughout will be of Georgia pine, the rooms and hallways to have four feet wainscoting and the floors to be laid in narrow widths. The rooms are all thirteen feet high, well lighted and thoroughly ventilated.

The contract price for the building, without heating, plumbing, grading, or equipment, is $20,075, awarded to Mr. Peter Knowe, mason, the lowest bidder, who has associated with him Mr. Wm. F. Wilbur, carpenter. Col. James Fludder is the architect and supervisor of construction.

Under the contract, Mr. Knowe's work must be completed by the first of April, 1894, but as after this all the machinery will have to be set up ready for running, the old building in front torn down and the grounds graded, there is no probability that the place will be occupied for instruction before the beginning of the school-year, in September, 1894, and until that time the old Townsend house will be allowed to stand and be used for manual training as at present.

Rev. Dr. Randolph who left here about three weeks ago to attend the World's Sunday School Convention, which opened at St. Louis on the 30th ultimo, and the International Sunday School Convention, which was in session there last week, has been spending this week at the World's Fair, as guest of his son who is a resident of Chicago. Following the Convention, there was a meeting of the International Sunday School Lesson Committee of which Dr. Randolph has been the secretary since its organization in 1873.

Miss Lizzie Johnson of this city has been in Bristol this week, visiting her aunt, Mrs. John Simmons.

Another Chrysanthemum Show.

The Newport Horticultural Society will hold its fourth annual exhibition and chrysanthemum show on the 6th, 7th, and 8th of November, and, according to present indications, it will be the finest ever before attempted by the society. At least, all the members of the society, both individually and collectively, are working indefatigably to make it so, and, judging from the interest already manifested by our gardeners, florists, and other owners and growers of rare plants, they will succeed.

The exhibitions given by this society in the past have been equal, if not superior, to anything of the kind produced anywhere else in the country, and if the society succeed in improving upon them this year, which would seem almost impossible, we sincerely hope our citizens will be correspondingly liberal with their patronage.

Their First Meet.

To-day's race meet of the Aquidneck Bicycle Club, for which the arrangements are now completed, promises much interest. The prizes are numerous and valuable and the entries, although confined to members of the club, are quite large. The prizes will include four gold medals, four silver medals; a silk Dunlap hat, from Harry Mason; a gilt chair, from A. C. Titus & Co., a pair of bicycle shoes, from J. Ramlose; a watch charm, from O. Salisbury; a cane, from J. H. Martin; a baggage carrier, from E. Griffith; a bicycle air pump, from the Whitten Cycle Company; and a set of nickle-plated knives, from Swinburne, Peckham & Co.

A Moonlight Excursion.

Ocean Lodge, A. O. U. W., of this city, is to make a moonlight excursion to Wickford on the 26th inst., on steamer General, leaving here at 4.20 and Wickford, on the return, at 9:30. An orchestra has been engaged for the occasion and at Wickford a supper and social will be given in Odd Fellows' Hall. It is to be a duplicate of the excursion given by the Society last October except, that, if possible, it will be made even more enjoyable.

Following are the committee having the matter in charge: Messrs. W. O. Milne, C. U. Coffin, Geo. H. Popple, R. M. Wetherell, Geo. H. Wilbur, Will Hildreth.

Maj. Harcourt was in Newport Tuesday for the purpose of arranging for rifle practice for Co. B, 2d Regiment, R. I. M., and the Naval Reserve. After examining the range at Fort Adams, he pronounced it most undesirable for the militia shoot, as he considered it a very dangerous range. He also visited the range at the Training Station, which met his approval, and it is understood arrangements have been made whereby the practice may take place there next Saturday.

The marriage of Miss Sara A., daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Vars, of this city, to Mr. William King, Jr., of New York, was celebrated in Boston Monday noon at the residence of Mrs. H. A. M'Glenen, sister of the bride. The ceremony was performed by Rev. S. H. Winkley. Mr. W. F. Connors, of New York, acted as best man and the bride was attended by Miss Florence Dingley as bridesmaid. A luncheon followed the ceremony, after which Mr. and Mrs. King left for New York where they will make their home.

The street car poles on the easterly side of Spring street, between Bull street and Morton Park, have been set back from the curbstone to the abutter's line. This relieves the road of its greatest liability to accident and is a general improvement. The work was accomplished without interference to travel.

Mr. P. H. Horgan has been compelled to considerably enlarge his grocery establishment on Thames and Frank streets in order to meet the demands of his rapidly increasing business. The space left for a driveway at the rear of the building, by the upper stories overhanging, has been enclosed and about twenty feet additional depth given to the store thereby.

Mr. and Mrs. Job S. Slocum started Monday for Madison, Wis., on a visit to Mrs. Slocum's brother, Mr. Daniel Tompkins, who she has not seen for 30 years. They will probably be gone about two months, making a stops at the World's Fair on their way out.

The constitutional commission, appointed at the last session of the General Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church to revise the constitution and canons of the church, is to meet in this city to-day. The members of this commission are as follows: Rt. Rev. Dr. Coxe, bishop of Western New York; Rt. Rev. Dr. Doane, bishop of Albany; Rt. Rev. Dr. Potter, bishop of New York; Rt. Rev. Dr. Paret, bishop of Maryland; Rt. Rev. Dr. Dudley, bishop of Kentucky; and Rt. Rev. Dr. Burgess, bishop of Quincy, with an equal number of presbyters and laymen.

RHODE ISLAND DAY

A Fine Programme Laid out for that Occasion—Rhode Island to Be Well Represented in Chicago.

The arrangements for Rhode Island day at the World's Fair, Thursday, October 5th, are now about completed and cannot fail to prove of an interesting character. Gov. Brown, his staff, and a large party of friends will leave Providence Friday Sept. 29th, arriving at Chicago Saturday Sept. 30, by special train. The Artillery Company, accompanied by the Newport Band, and a large party of Newporters, will probably leave here Saturday night, Sept. 30, via Old Colony steamer, arriving in Chicago Tuesday afternoon. The Company will tender an escort to His Excellency the Governor on Rhode Island day, and the Newport Band will doubtless furnish the music for that occasion as well as for the reception in the evening.

The literary exercises will take place Thursday afternoon from 2.30 to 5 in Music Hall, a large and beautiful hall on the grounds. They will consist of an introductory address by President Andrews of Brown University, the President of the Board of World's Fair Managers for Rhode Island; an address of welcome by his Excellency Gov. Brown; oration by Prof. Alonzo Williams of Brown University; and addresses by Hon. Nelson W. Aldrich, U. S. Senator, Hon. Oscar Lapham, U. S. Representative, Col. William A. James of Chicago, a former Rhode Islander, and an ex-speaker of the Illinois house of Representatives, and by Col. John C. Wyman, Executive Commissioner.

In the evening from 7 to 10 his Excellency Gov. Brown will give a reception at Rhode Island house, at which a collation will be served.

To add to the interest of the occasion the sons and daughters of Rhode Island living in Chicago will turn out in a body. It is hoped that as many Rhode Island citizens as possible will also endeavor to be present.

Real Estate Sales and Rentals.

DeBlois, Hunter & Eldridge have rented for Mrs. E. H. Hartshorn her store house on Wellington avenue, known as "Halidon Hall," to Mr. Theodore T. Moran of New York for the season of 1894.

George A. Petzka of Providence has sold to Jacob Hirshson of the same city his interest in the estate of Mathias Petzka, consisting of a number of lots bounded on Hall avenue and a court, and a second tract, on Harrison avenue and a court in this city.

Rev. George Bowen of Waverley, N. Y., has sold to Mary S. Bowen of the same city, for $4,200, his interest in Bowen's wharf, bounded north by Ferry wharf, south by Kinsley's wharf, east by Thames street, and west by the harbor.

DeBlois, Hunter & Eldridge have rented for Mrs. William Iselin her cottage on the corner of Wellington avenue and Fillmore street, known as "Bay View Cottage," to Louis Q. Jones, for one year.

Whipple & Darby have sold for J. N. A. Griswold, his cottage on Channing avenue to John H. Green Jr., of this city.

A. Prescott Baker has sold for Michael J. Murphy a lot of land on Webster street containing 5000 square feet, to James Graham and wife.

DeBlois, Hunter & Eldridge have rented for Mr. Walter L. Kane his cottage on Bellevue avenue to Mr. Harold Brown for the winter.

John H. Simmons has quit-claimed to Elizabeth N. Simmons a lot of land with buildings and other improvements thereon on Spruce street.

John N. A. Griswold has sold to John H. Greene, Jr., a lot of land with buildings and other improvements thereon on Channing avenue, containing 7000 square feet.

Dennis J., Jeremiah K. and Gertrude M. Sullivan have sold to John H. Fitzgerald a lot of land on Narragansett avenue containing about 5500 square feet, for $1, etc.

Patrick and Mary E. Keefe have quit-claimed to John T. Keefe a lot of land, with buildings and improvements, on Dixon, containing 12000 square feet of land, for $1, etc.

Michael J. Murphy has sold to James Graham and Jane J., his wife, a lot of land on Webster street containing 5000 square feet.

Mrs. Jabez West of Westerly, R. I., has rented through Simeon Hazard's agency her store at the corner of Touro street and Spring street, to Miss Elizabeth A. Peckham for a fancy goods store.

Simeon Hazard has rented a cottage on Clinton avenue for Mr. Wm. A. Armstrong to Mr. Tiernay; a tenement on Maitland Court for Mr. Henry S. Peckham, and a tenement on Marsh street for Mr. Geo. W. Carr, Jr.

Hon. Perry Belmont entertained a large party of his friends Monday with a sail to Bristol Ferry on his steam yacht Satanella, the party returning on tally-ho coaches driven by Mr. J. J. Van Alen, Mr. C. Albert Stevens, and the host.

Excursion to New York.

The excursion to New York and Coney Island Saturday night by the Richmond is a splendid way to get a day in New York or its surrounding places at a very low rate of fare. You are away from home only outside business hours. Leaving Newport at 9 P. M. you have all day in New York or Coney Island, as you wish, and are home before six o'clock Monday morning. This is the very best season of the year to visit the queen of American cities, when a person can enjoy New York without being oppressed by the excessive heat. Coney Island has no cessation as yet in its attractions. The summer amusements of this noted resort are now at their very best and will be heartily enjoyed by all who make the trip. The depression to business will not effect this excursion as the exceedingly low price for round trip is within the reach of all. X.

Rhode Island Lodge of Odd Fellows of this city received a fraternal visit from Harmony Lodge of East Greenwich Monday night. The visitors arrived about 9 o'clock on steamer Pioneer and were escorted by the home lodge and the Newport Band over a circuitous route to Odd Fellows' Hall where a substantial collation was served. Other entertainment was also provided and it was about 2 o'clock Tuesday morning when the visiting lodge departed.

Schooner Alonzo of Bangor, Wheeler master, from New York for Bingham, with one hundred and forty tons of coal, sprung a leak ten miles south of Seaconnet and sunk within ten minutes. The crew of three men took to the boat and were picked up and brought to this port Monday morning by fishing schooner Lady Elgin of Boothbay.

Work upon the new Presbyterian church on Broadway is going along very slowly, owing to the want of funds. The interior of the rear part of the church—the Sunday school apartments—is lathed and plastered and nearly ready for occupancy, and only about $10,000 would be required to complete the whole building.

Col. James Fludder has furnished plans for a new coal shed to be built on Brown & Howard's wharf. The building will be 202½ feet long by 28 feet wide, and have eleven pockets measuring 18x26 feet each. Running the entire length of the building, over the pockets, will be an automatic railroad.

A race day for trotters and pacers owned on the island is being arranged for next Saturday at Aquidneck Park, by the Newport Racing Association. There is material on this island for some excellent sport and it is hoped that the entries will show it.

A solemn requiem mass was sung at St. Mary's Tuesday morning for the repose of the soul of the late Col. Jerome Napoleon Bonaparte. When in Newport Col. Bonaparte's family always attended St. Mary's church.

This season's series of Casino dances closed with a very enjoyable gathering Monday night. The morning concerts at that popular society resort have also closed, and Professor Mullaly and his orchestra have returned to Boston.

Rev. Father Austin Dowling, formerly of this city, who has recently been appointed to the faculty of St. John's Seminary, Brighton, was in town Sunday and preached at St. Mary's at the 10.30 mass.

There was an unusually large number of excursionists in town Sunday, and, many flags being hoisted in honor of the anniversary of the Battle of Lake Erie, the city wore a decidedly holiday appearance.

Mr. W. K. Thorn expects to sail for Europe the latter part of the month. He will, as usual, be accompanied by his polo ponies and other paraphernalia for the prosecution of his favorite sport in England and France.

Mr. John Jacob Astor, owner of steam yacht Nourmahal, has just received a new launch which is attracting considerable attention here. It is finished in mahogany, has a twin screw, and is propelled by electricity.

The matrimonial engagement of Miss Isabella Hunnewell, of Boston, a cousin of Miss Charlotte Hunnewell, to Mr. Herbert M. Harriman, of New York, a brother of Mrs. W. R. Travers and Mrs. L. M. Rutherford, is announced.

An interesting game of base ball was played at Morton Park Wednesday between a nine of Princeton college boys and the Newports. It was won by the former by a score of 19 to 5.

The life saving station at Price's Neck was officially inspected Wednesday by Assistant Superintendent Knowles of the Third District, accompanied by Inspector Roberts.

Mr. Joseph Meyer's improvements on Spring street are attracting considerable attention. The evidences are that he will have a handsome new business block.

GLEANINGS FROM HISTORY.

Presented by James G. Swan.

Things that befel Daniel in Media, and what Prophecies he delivered there

When Baltazer (Belshazzar) heard this, he called for Daniel; and when he had discoursed to him what he had learned concerning him and his wisdom, and how a divine spirit was with him, and that he alone was fully capable of finding out what others would never have thought of, he desired him to declare to him what this writing meant; and if he did so, he would give him leave to wear purple, and to put a chain of gold about his neck, and would bestow on him the third part of his dominion, as an honorary reward for his wisdom, that thereby he might become illustrious to those who saw him, and who enquired upon what occasion he obtained such honors. But Daniel desired that "he would keep his gifts to himself; for what is the effect of wisdom and of divine revelation admits of no gifts, and bestows its advantages on petitioners freely; but that still he would explain the writing to him, which denoted that he should soon die; and this because he had not learned to honor God, and not to admit things above human nature, by what punishments his progenitor had undergone for the injuries he had offered to God, and because he had quite forgotten how Nabuchadnezzar was removed to feed among wild beasts, for his impieties, and did not recover his former life among men and his kingdom but upon God's mercy to him, after many supplications and prayers, who did thereupon praise God all the days of his life, as one of almighty power and who takes care of mankind. He also put him in mind how he had greatly blasphemed against God, and had made use of his vessels amongst his concubines: that therefore God saw this and was angry with him, and declared by this writing beforehand, what a sad conclusion of his life he should come to. And he explained the writing thus:—MANAH. This, if it be expounded in the Greek language, may signify a *Number*, because God hath numbered so long a time for thy life and for thy government, and that there remains but a small portion. THEKEL. This signifies a *Weight*, and means that God hath weighed thy kingdom in a balance, and finds it going down already. PHARES. This also in the Greek tongue denotes a *Fragment*, God will therefore break thy kingdom in pieces, and divide it among the Medes and Persians.

When Daniel told the king that the writing upon the wall signified these events, Baltasar was in great sorrow and affliction, as was to be expected when the interpretation was so heavy upon him. However, he did not refuse what he had promised Daniel although he were become a foreteller of misfortunes to him, but bestowed it all upon him; as reasoning thus, that what he was to reward peculiar to himself and to fate, and did not belong to the prophet; but that it was the part of a good and just man to give what he had promised, although the events were to be of a melancholy nature. Accordingly the king determined so to do. Now, after a little while, both the city and himself were taken by Cyrus the king of Persia, who fought against him; for it was Baltasar under whom Babylon was taken, when he had reigned seventeen years. And this is the end of the posterity of King Nebuchadnezzar, as history informs us; but when Babylon was taken by Darius, and when he, with his kineman Cyrus, had put an end to the dominion of the Babylonians, he was sixty-two years old. He was the son of Astyages, and had another name among the Greeks. Moreover, he took Daniel the prophet and carried him with him into Media, and honored him very greatly, and kept him with him; for he was one of the three presidents whom he set over his three hundred and sixty prisoners, for into so many did Darius part them.

However, while Daniel was in so great dignity, and in so great favor with Darius, and was alone intrusted with every thing by him, as having some what divine in him, he was envied by the rest; for those that see others in greater honor than themselves with kings envy them; and when those that were grieved at the great favor Daniel was in with Darius, sought for an occasion against him, he afforded them no accasion at all; for he was above all temptations of money, and despised bribery and esteemed it a very base thing to any thing by way of reward; even when it might be justly given him; he afforded those that envied him not the least handle for an accusation. So when they could find nothing for which they could calumniate him to the king nothing that was shameful or reprachful, and thereby deprive him of the honor he was in with him, they sought for some other method whereby they might destroy him. When therefore they saw that Daniel prayed to God three times a day, they thought they had gotten an occasion by which they might ruin him; so they came to Darius and told him, that the "princes and governors had thought proper to allow the multitude relaxation for thirty days that no one might offer a petition or prayer either to himself or to the gods, but that he who shall transgress this decree shall be cast into the den of lions, and there perish."

Whereupon the king, not being acquainted with their wicked designs, nor suspecting that it was a contrivance of theirs against Daniel, said, he was pleased with this decree of theirs, and he promised to confirm what they desired; he also published an edict to promulgate to the people that decree which the princes had made. Accordingly, all the rest took care not to transgress those injunctions, and rested in quiet; but Daniel had no regard to them, but, as he was wont, he stood and prayed to God in the sight of them all; but the princes having met with the occasion they so earnestly sought to find against Daniel, came presently to the king, and accused him, that Daniel was the only person that transgressed the decree, while not one of the rest durst pray to their gods. This discovery they made, not because of his impiety, but because they had watched him, and observed him out of envy; for supposing that Darius did thus out of a greater kindness to him than they expected, and that he was ready to grant him pardon for this contempt of his injunctions, and envying this very pardon to Daniel, they did become more favorable to him, but desired he might be cast into the den of lions, according to the law. So Darius, hoping that God would deliver him, and that he would undergo nothing that was terrible by the wild beasts, bid him bear his accident cheerfully; and when he was cast into the den, he put his seal to the stone that lay upon the mouth of the den, and went his way; but he passed all the night without food and without sleep, being in great distress for Daniel, but when it was day, he got up, and came to the den, and found the seal entire, which he had left the stone sealed withal; he also opened the seal, and cried out, and called to Daniel, and asked him if he were alive. And as soon as he heard the king's voice, and said that he had suffered no harm, the king gave order that he should be drawn up out of the den. Now when his enemies saw that Daniel had suffered nothing that was terrible, they would not own that he was preserved by God, and his providence; but they said that the lions had been filled full with food, and on that account it was, as they supposed, that the lions would not touch Daniel, or come to him, as they alleged to the king. But the king, out of an abhorrence of their wickedness, gave order that they should throw in a great deal of flesh to the lions; and when they had filled themselves, he gave farther orders that Daniel's enemies should be cast into the den, that he might learn whether the lions, now they were full, would touch them or not. And it appeared plain to Darius, after the princes had been cast to the wild beasts, that it was God who preserved Daniel, for these lions had spared none of them, but tore them all to pieces, as if they had been very hungry and wanted food.

To be continued.

Mr. and Mrs. LeRoy King have been at Bar Harbor this week.

Miss Lida Slade, of Bristol, is visiting Miss Bertha Slade on Broadway.

Mr. Theo. T. Pitman has returned from a visit to the World's Fair.

The last of the band concerts was given at Equality Park Thursday night.

Mr. and Mrs. John Nason, have been in Westerly, this week, visiting friends.

Miss B. L. Williams is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. Clark Noble, in Providence.

Rev. Dr. Thayer is sufficiently improved from his late serious illness to be able to ride out.

The Jewish New Year was duly observed in Newport Monday by the Jewish residents.

The recent ball of the Ramblers netted $74.15, which amount was given to the Newport Hospital.

Mr. William M. Arnold and family have returned from a visit to friends in Swansea, Mass.

Master Arthur Bryer, who has been visiting friends in Newport, has returned to Westerly.

Mrs. T. S. Nowell, who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. M. Cottrell, has returned to Boston.

Mr. Thomas Pettitt has closed his summer's engagement with the Newport Casino and returned to Boston.

Miss Ida M. Ashley, of Springfield, Mass., has been visiting Rev. and Mrs. I. S. Yemmans in this city this week.

Miss Sallie Field and Mr. Clarence Bryant of Fall River, Mass., have been visiting Miss Vinia Arnold this week.

A very enjoyable public social was given at Masonic Hall Wednesday evening by Sheba Court, Heroines of Jericho.

The contract for supplying the City Asylum with coal and other fuel during ensuring year has been awarded to Messrs. Perry Brothers.

Mr. Wm. Young, Jr., who has been visiting his cousin, Mr. Edward Peckham, in this city, has returned to his home in Norwich, Conn.

Letter Carrier and Mrs. E. I. Gorton, Mrs. J. A. Gorton, and Mr. W. L. Northup left Thursday for a ten days' outing at the White Mountains.

The Continental line steamers have made the last of their Sunday Newport excursions for this season and on Monday entered upon their winter schedule.

Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt and family have vacated the Glover cottage and taken "Stonecroft," Mr. John W. Ellis' Bellevue avenue villa, for the autumn.

Mr. Hugh McKay of Boston attracted a large audience at Odd Fellows' Hall Tuesday evening and his talk upon the benefits of organized labor was listened to with much interest.

Col. John C. Wyman, executive commissioner of the Board of World's Fair Managers of Rhode Island, spent Tuesday night in town, a guest of Mine Host Roberts at the New Cliffs Hotel.

The engagement of Miss Addie B. Cohafeld of New York city to Mr. Harry C. Cushing, Jr., son of Major H. C. Cushing, formerly at Fort Adams, is announced.

Rt. Rev. B. T. Tanner, bishop of the first district of the African Methodist Episcopal church has been spending several days in Newport the guest of Rev. I. S. Yemmans.

Poetry.

Impromptu Verse by Phillips Brooks.

The following bit of nonsense-verse is a part of one of Bishop Brook's Letters from India, printed in the September Century.

Oh, this beautiful island of Ceylon
With the coco-nut-trees on the shore,
It is shaped like a pear with the peel on,
And Kandy lies in at the core.

And Kandy—sweet (you ask Gertie!)
Even when it is spelt with a K,
And the people are cheerful and dirty,
And dress in a comical way.

Here comes a particular dandy,
With two ear-rings and half of a shirt,
He's considered the swell of all Kandy,
And the rest of him's covered with dirt.

And here comes the belle of the city,
With rings on her delicate toes,
And eyes that are painted and pretty,
And a jewel that shakes in her nose.

And the dear little girls and their brothers,
And the babies so jolly and fat,
Astride on the hips of their mothers,
And as black as a gentleman's hat.

And the queer little heaps of old women,
And the shaven Buddhistical priests,
And the lake which the worshipers swim in,
And the wagons with curious beasts.

The tongue they talk mostly is Tamul,
Which sounds you can hardly tell how:
It is half like the scream of a camel,
And half like the grunt of a sow.

The Fairest Land.

"Tell me, gentle traveller, thou
Who hast wandered far and wide—
Seen the sweetest roses blow,
And the brightest rivers glide;
Say, of all thine eyes have seen,
Which the fairest land has been?"

"Lady, shall I tell thee where
Nature seems most blest and fair,
Far above all climes beside?
'Tis where those we love abide,
And that little spot is best
Which the loved one's foot hath pressed.
Though it be a fairy space,
Wide and spreading is the place;
Though 'twere but a barren mound,
'Twould become enchanted ground;
With thee, you steady waste would seem
The margin of Al Cawthar's stream;
And thou canst make a dungeon's gloom
A bower, where new-born roses bloom."
—From the Persian.

Selected Tale.

THE QUIET MAN OF THE CLUB.

"I've seen a good many strange things in my time, as you know, but I never yet told you about the strangest of them all; and I can promise you that it's a story worth hearing."

So spoke Gen. R—, as we sat side by side on the veranda of his snug little house in one of the Northwestern provinces of India, watching the sun sink behind the endless line of stately palm trees that stood ranged like plumed soldiers along the opposite bank of the river.

"Suppose you tell it me now, general," suggested I, guessing from the grave look on the old hero's weatherbeaten face that the forthcoming story must have deeper interest than any of his ordinary campaigning anecdotes.

"I don't mind if I do," answered the veteran, "for although it is an affair that I have no great pleasure in looking back upon, yet it taught me a good lesson, if only I had the sense to profit by it."

"When I was quite a young fellow, and hadn't long joined the army," he resumed after a pause, "I used to belong to a fashionable club in London, the members of which were just the sort of men you read about in Lever's novels—as wild as could be, always in some scrape or other, and spending their whole time in riding, shooting, gambling or fishing—all except one.

"That one was a small, quiet, pale-faced, grayhaired man, with a very sad, weary look, as if he had once been crushed by some great sorrow, and had never been able to shake it off. He was in a voice as meek as his face. So, of course, we made great fun of him among ourselves, finding these quiet ways of his a very queer contrast to our own rackety, harumscarum style, and we nicknamed him the 'Quietest Man in the Club,' though, indeed, we might just as well have called him the only quiet man in it.

"Well, one evening, when the room was pretty full, and our friend, the Quiet Man, was sitting as usual in the far corner, away from everybody else, we began to talk about duelling; a subject with which we were all tolerably familiar, for there was hardly a man among us who hadn't been 'out' once.

"'They did some tidy duelling in old times,' said Lord H—, who was killed afterward in action. 'You remember how those six chums of Harry III. of France fought three to three till there was only one left alive out of the six.'

"'That was pretty fair, certainly,' cried Charlie Thornton of the Guards; 'but, after all, it doesn't beat the great duel thirty years ago between Sir Harry Martingale and Col. Fortescue.'

"He had hardly spoke when up jumped the quiet man as if somebody had stuck a pin into him.

"'What on earth's the matter with him?' whispered Thornton; I never saw him like that before.'

"'But what was the story, then, Charlie?' asked another man; 'I've heard of Fortescue, of course, for he was the most famous duellist of his time in all England; and I've heard of his fight with Martingale, too; but I don't think I've ever had any particulars, or, at least, none worth speaking of.'

"'I can give them to you,' answered Thornton; 'for my uncle was Martingale's second. I've heard him tell the story many a time, and he always said that although he had been in plenty of duels, he had never seen one like that, and never wanted to see it again. What they quarrelled about I don't know, and I dare say they didn't know themselves; but my uncle used to say he knew by the look in their eyes when they took their places to fire that it could not end without blood, and it didn't. They fired twice, and every shot told; and then their seconds, seeing that both men were hard hit and bleeding fast wanted to put an end to it. But Fortescue—who was one of those grim fellows who is always most dangerous toward the end of the fight—insisted upon a third shot. The third time, by some accident, Martingale fired a moment too soon, and gave him a bad wound in the side; but Fortescue pressed his hand to the wound to stop the bleeding, and then, almost bent double with pain though he was, he fired and brought down his man.'

"'Killed him?'

"'Rather—shot him slap though the heart. But it was his last duel, for from that day he was never heard of again; and people said he had either committed suicide or died of a broken heart.'

"'Well I don't see why he need have done that, for, after all, it was a fair fight,' struck in Lord H—, who had been looking over the newspapers on the table; 'but if you talk of duelling, what do you say to this?'

"'Another Duelling Tragedy in Paris. The notorious Prussian bully and duellist, Armand de Villeneuve, has just added another wreath to his blood-stained laurels, the new victim being the Chevalier Henri de Polignac, a fine young fellow of twenty-three, the only son of a widowed mother. Some strong expressions of disgust used by the chevalier with reference to one of De Villeneuve's former duels having come to the latter's ears, he sought out De Polignac and insulted him so grossly as to render a meeting inevitable. The chevalier having fired first and missed, De Villeneuve called out to him, "Look to the second buttonhole of your coat!" and sent a bullet through the spot indicated fair in the breast of his opponent, who expired half an hour later in great agony. His mother is said to be broken-hearted at his death. How much longer we wonder, will this savage be allowed to offer these human sacrifices to his own inordinate vanity?"

"Just then I happened to look up, and saw the Quiet Man rise slowly from his chair with a face so changed that it startled me almost as much as if I had seen him disappear bodily and another man rise up in his stead. I had once seen an oil painting abroad in which an avenging angel was hurling lightnings upon Sodom and Gomorrah, and that is just how that man looked at that moment. He glanced at his watch, and then came across the room and went quickly out.

"The next night, and the next, and the next after that, the Quiet Man didn't appear at the club, and we all began to wonder what could have become of him. But when I came in on the fourth evening there he was, though he looked—as it seemed to me—rather paler and feebler than usual.

"'Here's news for you, Fred,' called out Charlie Thornton. 'That rascally French duellist, De Villeneuve, has met his match at last; and Dr. Lansett of the—th Bengal Native Infantry, who saw the whole affair, is just going to tell us all about it.'

"'Well, this is how it happened,' began the doctor, 'In passing through Paris, I stopped to visit my old friend Colonel de Malet, and he and I were strolling through the Tuileries gardens when suddenly a murmur ran through the crowd, 'Here comes De Villeneuve.' Then the throng parted, and I had just time to catch a glimpse of the bully's tall figure and long black mustache, when a man stepped forth from the crowd and said something to him, and then suddenly dealt him a blow.

"'Then there was a rush and clamor of voices, and everybody came crowding round so that I couldn't see anything; but presently De Malet came up to me and said: "Lansett, we shall want you in this affair, although I'm afraid that you won't have a chance of showing your surgery, for De Villeneuve never wounds without killing.

""Just then the crowd opened, and I saw, to my amazement, that this man who had insulted and defied the most terrible fighter in all France was a slim little fellow, with a pale, meagre face.

""As the challenged party, I have the right to choose weapons," we heard him say, quite coolly; "and I choose swords."

""Are you mad!" cried De Malet, seizing his arm; "don't you know De Villeneuve's the deadliest swordsman in Europe? Choose pistols—give yourself a chance!"

""Pistols may miss—swords cannot," answered the stranger in a tone of such savage determination that every one who heard him—even De Villeneuve himself, furious though he was, gave a kind of shudder. "I had vowed never to fight again, save with a man who deserved to die; but you have deserved it well by your cold-blooded murders, and die you shall!"

""Where both sides were so eager to fight, there was no need of much preparation. They met that evening, Colonel de Malet being the stranger's second, and another French officer acting for De Villeneuve.

"'As a rule, De Villeneuve was as cool on the ground as if he had been at a picnic, but at this time he was as wild and fierce as a tiger, partly, no doubt, from having been insulted before so many of his admirers but also because he had found out that the stranger was an Englishman, and he hated everything English like poison. But more terrible than all his fury was the cold, stern, pitiless calmness of the Englishman's face, as if he felt certain of his man.

"'They fought for some time without a scratch on either side, and then suddenly the Englishman stumbled forward, exposing his left side. Quick as lightning the Frenchman's point darted in, and instantly the other's shirt was all crimson with blood, but the moment he felt the steel pierce him he made a thrust with all his might, and buried his sword up to the hilt in De Villeneuve's body. Then I understood that he had deliberately laid himself open to his opponent's weapon in order to make sure of killing him; so he had for De Villeneuve never spoke again.'

"Just as the doctor said this, down fell a chair with a great crash, and looking up we saw the Quiet Man trying to slip past us to the door. Dr. Lansett sprang up and caught him by both hands.

"'You here?' he cried. 'Let me congratulate you upon having punished, as he deserved, the most cold-hearted cutthroat in existence. I trust your wound does not pain you much?'

"'What?' we all shouted 'was it he who killek De Villeneuve?'

"We all jumped from our chairs and came crowding around the hero, setting up a cheer that made the air ring, but he looked at us so sadly and darkly that it made the shout die upon our lips.

"'Ah, lads! lads!' said he, in a tone of deep dejection, 'for heaven's sake don't praise a man for having shed blood and destroyed life. I killed that ruffian as I would have killed a beast to save those whom he would have slaughtered; but God help the man who shall take a human life merely to gratify his own pride and anger! If you wish to know what happiness a successful duellist enjoys, look at me. Do you remember that story which Capt. Thornton told here the other night about the duel in which Col. Fortesque, the "famous duellist," as you called him, killed Sir Henry Martingale?'

"'To be sure,' answered Charlie Thornton, looking rather scared; 'but what of it?'

"'I was once Col. Fortescue,' was the answer."—[Saturday Review and Republic.

"It's a Diver."

It was in the Italian section of the Liberal Arts Building, and I was looking at a fine piece of armor well set up—helmet with vizor, breastplate, graves, etc.,—when a woman's voice behind me exclaimed: "It's a diver. I've seen 'em. Ain't he natural looking?"

They were evidently an elderly country couple, and she had just caught sight of the armor. I wondered what the smith who had wrought with such patient art would have said could he have heard the exclamation, and have seen the couple walk on perfectly satisfied that they had seen a diver, the husband delighted with his wife's knowledge. The very resemblance which made the mistake not altogether inexcusable made it all the funnier. Doubtless amusing mistakes like this have counted up into the millions at the Fair; yet in spite of these it has not failed in its function as an educator.—[From "Sights at the Fair," in the September Century.)

A LEGAL INCIDENT.

TRAGIC ENDING OF AN UNJUST CRIMINAL CONVICTION.

What Strong Circumstantial Evidence Did in the Case of a Trusted Clerk. He Died When He Learned That He Was Innocent Before the Law.

The following thrilling story comes from the lips of a well known member of the Pennsylvania bar:

A very bad and dishonest failure had occurred, in which a certain trusted clerk seemed to have been guilty of the larger share of the crime. He, with his employer, was arrested and charged with the crime. The clerk stoutly protested his innocence and denied all knowledge of the fraud or any connection with his employer.

However, there was a chain of circumstantial evidence woven around him which was exceptionally strong and which his counsel could not break down, although he was firmly convinced himself of his innocence. The clerk was convicted and sent to jail for a term of years.

After being confined in prison for about a year the poor fellow's mind began to weaken, and finally he broke down completely. He was taken from prison and transferred to a hospital for the insane. All the time the clerk continued to protest his innocence. After he had been confined in the hospital three or four years, certain facts in the failure were elicited which clearly proved that the unfortunate clerk was entirely innocent of having committed any crime.

Of course steps were immediately taken to secure the pardon of the man; the facts were laid before the pardon board at their next meeting and an order was given for his immediate release.

It now became the delicate duty of the counsel in the case to break the happy intelligence to the pardoned clerk. But the question that confronted them was what could be done to restore his reason, and would he believe the news? If his mind could not be restored he could not be taken away. What could be done? After a consultation between the counsel on both sides of the case it was agreed to call upon the poor clerk and make an attempt to rouse him from the apathy and lethargy into which he had fallen. This they decided to do by accusing him again of the theft of the funds. Whenever this subject was broached he always roused himself and became greatly animated, always vigorously denying it.

While his mind was aroused by this stimulus it had been decided that one of the counsel was to announce that the matter had been fully investigated and his innocence fully established. The parties to this strange drama assembled in the room of the stricken man. He sat silent and immovable, with his head in his hands.

As the old and ever rankling charge of dishonesty fell upon his ears the effect was exactly that which had been foreseen and expected. He slowly raised his head. Looking his pseudo accuser straight in the eye he repeated, in a loud tone of voice, with a rising inflection and with great energy, "It is a lie."

The critical moment had come. The lawyer who had prosecuted him and secured his incarceration then stepped up to him and said: "You are right. It is a lie, and you stand before the community a vindicated man. I have the order for your release in my pocket."

Then the lawyers stood off to watch the effect, hoping that the joy at the prospect of release and vindication would have the effect of putting the clerk again in his right mind. But no sign of joy overspread the man's features. His face bore its usual stolid expression. It seemed to have no apparent effect upon him.

The clerk turned his face toward the speaker, as if he did not understand him. Then his head fell forward, and the man was precipitated upon the floor at the feet of the lawyers. A single glance sufficed. He was dead.—Green Bag.

A Wooden Statue in Tokio.

In Tokio, the capital of Japan, there exists a gigantic statue of a woman, made of wood and plaster and dedicated to Hachiman, the god of war. In height it measures fifty-four feet; the head alone, which is reached by a winding stairway in the interior of the figure, being large enough to comfortably hold twenty persons. The figure holds a huge wooden sword in one hand (the blade of the weapon being twenty-seven feet long) and a ball twelve feet in diameter in the other.

Internally the figure is fitted up with an extraordinary anatomical arrangement, supposed to represent the different portions of the brain. A fine view of the country is obtained by looking through one of the eyes of the statue.—London Tit-Bits.

The Great Mistake Columbus Made.

Schoolmaster—Why was it that his great discovery was not properly appreciated until long after Columbus was dead?

Nineteenth Century Schoolboy—Because he didn't advertise, sir.—London Tit-Bits.

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Will Gitthere—"I want to ask you, sir, for your daughter's hand." Old Gold—"Have you asked her for it yet?" Will Gitthere—"No, sir. I thought better to speak to you first." Old Gold—"And supposing I should refuse my consent?" Will Gitthere—"In that case, sir, she assures me she will elope."

Freddy, a Detroit boy, was nagging his little brother dreadfully. "Don't you know," said his mother, reprovingly, "that you are laying up trouble for yourself by and by by doing this?" "Maybe I am," he replied, "but Charlie is getting his now."

"The short story seems to be quite the fad nowadays," said one club man to another. "I should say so! It seems to me that nearly every man I meet stops to tell me how short he is."

The addresses of a young man having been declined by a young lady, he paid court to her sister. "How much you resemble your sister," said he, the evening of the first call; "you have the same hair, and the same eyes—." "And the same noses!" she added quickly.

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STEAMER CONANICUT
WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Jamestown, 6.15, 8.15, 9.45, 11.15 A. M., 12.55, 2.15, 3.45, 5.00, 6.00, 7.30 P. M. Sundays at 8.00, 10.00 A. M., 12.30, 5.30 P. M.

Leave Newport, 6.45, 9.15, 10.30, 11.45 A. M., 1.30, 3.00, 4.30, 5.30, 6.30, 8.00 P. M. Sundays, 8.35, 10.30 A. M., 1.00, 6 P. M.

On and after June 15, 1893.
STEAMER JAMESTOWN
WILL RUN AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Jamestown, 7.20, 9.50, 11.15 A. M., 2.15 5.05, 7.10 P. M. Sundays, 9.10, 11.10 A. M., 2.00, 6.40 P. M.

Leave Narragansett, 7.40, 10.20 A. M., 12.00 2.45, 5.25, 7.30 P. M. Sundays, 9.30, 11.45 A. M., 5.00, 7.00 P. M.

New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

Old Colony System.

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations, may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

ON and after Monday, Sept. 11, 1893, trains will leave Newport, for Boston, week days, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., a12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Return 5.45, 8.30, a9.30, 11.40 A. M., 3.40, 4.55, a5.10, a6, P. M. Middletown, c7.20, c10.15 A. M., c2.55, c5.15 P. M. Portsmouth Grove, c7.20, c10 15. A. M., c2.55, c5.15 P. M. Portsmouth, 7.20, 10.15 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Bristol Ferry, 7.20, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Tiverton, 7.20, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Fall River, 7.20, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Taunton, 7.20, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Middleboro, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Cape Cod, 7.45 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Plymouth, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 2.55 P. M. New Bedford, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Fitchburg, and stations on Northern Division, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Lowell, 7.45 A. M., 2.55 P. M. Cottage City, Oak Bluffs, 10.15 A. M. Nantucket, 10.15 A. M. Providence, 7.45, 10.15 A. M., 12.50, 2.55, 5.15 P. M. Return 7.45, 9.35 A. M., 12.40, 4.30, d6.35 P. M.

SUNDAYS, for Boston, 6.50 P. M. Return 4.30 A. M., b6 P. M. For Bristol Ferry, Tiverton, Fall River, Taunton, North Easton, Stoughton, Randolph, South Braintree, Braintree and Quincy, 6.50 P. M.

a Park Square Station.
b Park Square Station, boat from Fall River.
c Will stop to leave passengers or when flagged.
d Boat from Fall River.

J. R. KENDRICK, 3d Vice President, Boston.
GEO. L. CONNOR, Gen'l Pass. Ag't, Boston.
E. G. ALLEN, Sup't, Boston.
J. H. JORDAN, Ag't, Newport, R. I.

BOOTS, SHOES.

Latest Styles,

Lowest Prices,

M. S. HOLM,

186 THAMES STREET.

$2.00.

Ladies' Dongola Button,

SQUARE TOE (plain)

POINTED TOE (P. L. tip)

A Genuine Bargain,

—AT—

SEABURY'S

214 THAMES STREET.

Clothing.

Just received another lot of

Brokaw Mf'g Co.'s

OUTING SHIRTS.

WHITE DUCK

PANTS.

FROM

ROGERS PEET & CO.

Also a nice assortment of washable

FOUR-IN-HAND TIES.

JAMES P. TAYLOR'S,

189 THAMES STREET.

Special Bargains!

For the next 30 days we offer our entire line of

Fall and Winter Woolens

Comprising the best goods and styles to be found in foreign and domestic fabrics, at 15 per cent. less than our regular prices. This we do in order to make room for our Spring and Summer styles, which we will receive about Feb. 15. We guarantee the make-up of our goods to be the best and to give general satisfaction.

McLENNAN BROTHERS,

184 Thames Street,

MERCURY BUILDING.

NEW Spring Woolens.

HENRY D. SPOONER

200 THAMES STREET.

JOHN ALDERSON,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

17 Mill Street,

ONE DOOR ABOVE THAMES STREET

Ladies' Cloaks, Ulsters and Walking Coats specialty.
Liveries of every description made to order

A NEW LINE OF

Seasonable Goods

JUST RECEIVED. 1-23

Prepared Coke.

An excellent Summer fuel,
Kindles quickly and
Makes an intense fire,
Especially good for open grates.
Cleanly, convenient and economical
Delivered anywhere within the compact part of the city.
Leave orders at either office

181 THAMES ST.

—OR—

557 THAMES ST.

THIS IS THE SEASON

When you can secure especial bargains in the common or unprepared coke when taken in quantities of one hundred bushels or upwards at the Works. For terms, apply at either office.

THE NEWPORT

Gas Light Co.

REMOVAL.

I desire to inform my patrons and friends that on and after OCTOBER 1, 1889, my place of business will be No. 18 Market Square. Any one who has umbrellas or parasols will please call for them here.

I shall have larger premises and will buy and sell second-hand furniture and antiquities.

ROCCO BARONE, Ferry Wharf.

EDDY'S

Refrigerators,

Thirty-Eight Different Sizes and Styles

Honestly made, Economical in Ice

The Standard of the World.

For sale only by

WM. K. COVELL,

163 Thames Street,

ENLARGED.

A Mine Under the Sea.

There are in England several coal and metalliferous mines which extend and are worked at a considerable distance out to sea. But perhaps the most remarkable submarine coal mine is that at Nanaimo, on Departure bay, beyond Victoria, B. C. This mine is known as the Wellington, and its galleries are situated 600 feet below the surface of the ocean, which here incloses an archipelago of islands very similar to the Thousand islands at the head of the St Lawrence river. The galleries of this pit, which are continually developing extend at present a length of six miles under the bottom of the waters of the Pacific ocean.

Nearly the whole population of the town of Nanaimo, amounting to nearly 1,000, is engaged in the mines of the place, the average daily wages per head being from twelve to twenty-three shillings. Liberal as this payment appears to be the cost of living in that inhospitable region is so high that the miner can after all only just make both ends meet.—Iron.

Natural Sand Blasts.

The idea of cutting designs on glass by forcing sand against the surface of plates and vessels of that material was first suggested by one of nature's freaks, just as hundreds of other inventions have been. An observing young man who was summering on the coast of New England noticed that the windstorms in that section frequently gathered up large loads of sand and hurled it with much force against exposed window panes, and that these within a very short time were worn through and had to be replaced. In places where they were protected by leaves, vines, mosquito netting, etc., the glistening surface was left intact. He set about utilizing old nature's hint at once, the result being a machine which does work that cannot even be imitated in any other way.—St. Louis Republic.

His Memory Was Weak.

An elderly widower was so dull and stupid that it was very difficult to marry him. When told to give his right hand, he gave his left; when the minister said "Say this after me," he immediately remarked "Say this after me." But when the words he was to repeat were given, he was stolidly silent.

"At last," says the narrator, "he saw that I was somewhat bothered by his extreme stupidity, so in the middle of the service he upset my gravity by volunteering the following apology, 'You see, sir, it's so long since I was married afore that you must excuse my forgetting of these things.'"—Cornhill Magazine.

Chinese Long Lived.

From the following figures in a report submitted by the gentry of Kaoyao Hsien, Kuangtung, to their magistrate, of the number of old people in that district, we cannot help being convinced of the fact that the Chinese are a long lived race. In that single district there are three persons over 100 years of age, 180 about the age of 90, and as many as 3,000 who have reached the mature age of fourscore.—North China Herald.

Not a Lecture After All.

"'Scuse me," he said to the other passenger on the rear platform of a Michigan avenue car, "but do you use tobacco?"

"Yes, sir," was the prompt reply of the man as he turned his head and kept his hands folded in front of him. Nothing more was said for 10 long minutes, and then the inquirer coolly drew a plug from his coattail pocket and calmly said:

"So do I. Have a chaw!"—Detroit Free Press.

The Hot Poker Delusion.

An interesting delusion is produced by looking along a redhot poker at some small object (a coin or a letter stuck upon a wall) removed from the eye a distance of from four to six feet. Direct the gaze intently for a few seconds, and you will presently see an inverted image of the object hanging near the end of the poker.—St. Louis Republic.

A Clever Reminder.

A very brave soldier had both his arms carried off in battle, after which his colonel offered him half a crown.

"Colonel," said the soldier, "you think I have lost a pair of gloves."—London Tit-Bits.

Water Started These Two Fires.

No principle of natural philosophy is more familiar than the power of water to extinguish fire. And yet, strange to say, water has been known to cause destructive fires, not by an accident, but by direct chemical action. One case of the kind was in a large factory. A flood caused the water to rise to a pile of iron filings, which oxidized so rapidly that they developed great heat and set fire to the nearby woodwork. The building was entirely destroyed.

Another case is still more remarkable. Several engines were throwing water upon a burning building, and the water found its way to another building, which contained quicklime. The slaking of the lime, caused of course by the contact of the water, generated intense heat, and the heat set fire to the building. That was a sarcasm of circumstances, wasn't it?—Philadelphia Times.

Value of Good Cooking.

We masculines have yet to learn that the kitchen is the most important end of the household. If that goes wrong, the whole establishment is wrong. It decides the health of the household, and health settles almost everything. Heavy bread, too great frequency of plum pudding, mingling of lemonade and custards, unmasticable beef, have decided the fate of sermons, legislative bills and destiny of empires. The kitchen knife has often cut off the brightest prospects. The kitchen gridiron has often consumed a commercial enterprise. The kitchen kettle has kept many a good man in hot water. It will never be fully known how much the history of the world was affected by good or bad cookery.—Nashville Advocate.

Why He Chose the War.

When Charles Dudley Warner was the editor of the Hartford Press, back in the sixties, arousing the patriotism of the state by his vigorous appeals, one of the typesetters came in from the composing room, and placing himself before the editor said, "Well, Mr. Warner, I've decided to enlist in the army." With mingled sensations of pride and responsibility Mr. Warner replied encouragingly that he was glad to see that the man felt the call of duty. "Oh, it isn't that," said the truthful compositor, "but I'd rather be shot than try to set any more of your copy."—San Francisco Argonaut.

The Original Wedding Cake.

Our wedding cake is the remains of a custom whereby a Roman bride held in her left hand three wheat ears, and many centuries later an English bride wore on her head a chaplet of wheat. The attendant girls threw corn, either in grains or in small bits of biscuit or cake, upon the heads of the newly married couple, and the guests picked up the pieces and ate them. Such was the beginning of the wedding cake, which did not come into general use until the eighteenth century and was then composed of solid blocks, laid together and iced all over with sugar, so that when the outer crust was broken over the bride's head the cakes inside fell on the floor, and they were then distributed among the company.—New York Sun.

The Bull Was Scared.

An amusing incident is said to have occurred recently when one of the Armours, the great beef and pork packers of Chicago, was traveling in Spain. He was taken by a grandee of Madrid to see the national sport. When the bull came in, he sank on his knees and refused to move. Then the director called the toreador and inquired the cause of the trouble, to which the toreador replied, "Ah! senor, ze bull 'ave seen ze great Armour of Chicago sitting with your excellency, and zere is no fight left in him."—London Tit-Bits.

A Scientific Fact.

A lady asked an astronomer if the moon was inhabited.

"Madam," he replied, "I know of one moon in which there is always a man and a woman."

"Which is that?"

"The honeymoon."—Journal Amusant.

HOME, SWEET HOME.

There's a beautiful realm in the faraway past,
All lovely with sunshine and flowers,
And voices as sweet as the song of the birds
Laugh away the bright, happy hours;
I can hear them now come echoing back,
As I watch the starry dome,
And memory bells chime soft and low—
Home, sweet home.

The voices loved so in that long ago,
And those which make music now,
The coming step and the hand whose touch
Lingers gently on my brow—
I hope to greet in that fadeless realm,
Beyond the starry dome,
Where angel voices welcome breathe to
Home, sweet home.

A Nonpoisonous Disinfectant.

Science has been enriched by a medical discovery as important in the domain of therapeutics as chloroform, laudanum and quinine. The great theory of infection by bacillus forms requires, in order to be fruitful of benefit to mankind, the discovery of a powerful germicide. In carbolic acid, in corrosive sublimate and in potassium permanganate science has made long strides in the direction of adequate antiseptics and bacillicides, but these drugs all have their drawbacks. Now, however, Dr. Worrall, a noted scientist, claims to have found among the coal products a disinfecting body apparently superior to all previous ones.

He has named it izal, and Dr. Klein, after a series of exhaustive laboratory experiments, is said to have found it absolutely destructive of the spores of some of the most intractable and malignant diseases. Unlike most powerful disinfectants, it is nonpoisonous to human beings and may be taken internally diluted, while Dr. Klein's experiments go to prove that, diluted with 200 parts water, izal absolutely destroys the vitality of the microbes of diphtheria, scarlatina, glanders, erysipelas and cholera.—New York Telegram.

A Whist Player.

Colley Cibber was playing cards one night at Tom's coffee house in Russell street, Covent Garden, one of the few houses in London which were only open to subscribers. As the cards were dealt to the playful Colley, "he took up every one in turn and expressed his disappointment at every indifferent one." As the game went on, he did not follow suit, whereupon the testy old general cried out, "What, have you not a spade, Mr. Cibber?" The poet laureate, nothing abashed, looked at his cards and answered, "Oh, yes, a thousand," a reply which drew forth a very short and peevish comment from the general. Colley, who was a very cool customer and was besides "shockingly addicted to swearing," as the narrative says, retorted with "Don't be angry, general, for, damme, I can play 10 times worse if I like."—Temple Bar.

Fire Will Not Destroy It.

Asbestus is a mineral fiber of the hornblende variety. It derives its name from a Greek word which signifies "indestructible by fire." The ancients were familiar with its uses and the modes of obtaining it, yet strange to say always alluded to it as a vegetable production. It was used in all their funeral rites, but particularly where cremation was practiced, the corpse being wrapped in an asbestus cloth so as to keep the ashes of the dead person from mingling with those of the wood or other combustibles used in incineration of the remains. The people of Egypt and many other countries of the ancients, especially the royal and wealthy classes, made towels, napkins, tablecloths, etc., of asbestus and cleaned them by throwing them into the fire.—St. Louis Republic.

Costly Railroads.

The costliest mile of railway is a mile measured on the steel portion of the Forth bridge. The length of this portion is a mile and 20 yards, and the cost of it was considerably over £2,000,000.

The most expensive railway system in the world is the "Inner Circle" line of London, which cost, including the purchase of land, from £600,000 to nearly £1,000,000 per mile. The last constructed mile, between the Mansion house and Aldgate, cost altogether, including "compensations," nearly £2,000,000.—London Letter.

In the Street Car.

Fogg—No, I never give my seat to a lady unless she is advanced in years. (To young lady who has been trying to eye him out of his seat) Would you like my seat, madam?

Young Lady—Thanks! Prefer to stand!

But she looks mad enough to bite Fogg's head off.—Boston Transcript.

A Modern Adonis.

Lady—Your partner has fainted, I hear. How did that happen?

Officer—It is quite simple. I danced with her three times in succession. The great happiness was too much of a strain for her nerves! I am now taking my departure lest I should do any further damage.—Deutscher Reichsbote.

You can be Happy.

You know you ought to be bright, cheerful, and happy.

You determine each day that you will be happy yourself, and make others so.

The day is not very old before your brightness is gone, your nerves go "all to pieces," and you are helpless on the couch.

You have falling or displacement of the womb,—causing "bearing down feeling" and backache,—perhaps ovarian troubles, with inflammation of the uterus and leucorrhœa.

Then remember *Lydia E. Pinkham* made a great discovery. Her *Vegetable Compound* has cured thousands just like you, and will you. It is given you by a woman who gave her life to the study of your troubles.

All druggists sell it. Address in confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS. *Liver Pills, 25 cents.*

Have You Stopped To Think

how much you gain when you buy the 1½ lb. package of

Ivorine
WASHING POWDER.

1st. The very purest and best of all. A washing powder whose makers have enjoyed a world-wide reputation for over half a century for making only the very finest goods.

2d. A gain of nearly ½ more in quantity without extra cost.

3d. The cake of choicest Olive Oil Soap, which since April 1st, '93, has been put in every package.

Ivorine washes everything; makes old clothes look like new, and preserves new clothes to a good old age. Makes lighter work and lighter hearts.

The soap is made from the finest Italian Olive Oil. For the Toilet and Bath, for Shampooing the hair, for the Delicate Skin of Babies, for keeping the Hands Soft, White and Smooth—nothing can excel it. It is pure Olive Oil and nothing else. If you want a clear, bright, healthy complexion, always use this soap.

The J. S. Williams Co., Glastonbury, Ct.
Makers of the Yankee Shaving Soap.

NEWPORT ILLUMINATING CO.

INCANDESCENT LIGHTING in 16, 24, 32 and 50 Candle Power.
ARC LIGHTING.
STATION BY MOTORS of 1-8, 1-4, 1-2, 3-4, 1 1-2 up to 50 horse power for Elevators, Hoists, Saws, Planes, Drills, Organs, etc., everything requiring large or small power. Reliable and convenient.
WIRING.—Stores, offices and residences wired and furnished throughout with all apparatus necessary for electric lighting by our own staff at reasonable rates. We have just opened out in our show rooms a full line of new Electric and Combination Fixtures, Brackets, Shades, Portable Lamps for desks in polished brass, bronze and Im Matte Gold. Inspection invited.

NEWPORT ILLUMINATING CO. 449 TO 455 Thames St.

THE BOSTON HERALD—TUE

AN INCOME ASSURED!

PAYABLE IN GOLD SEMI-ANNUALLY.

Preferred Stock in Established Manufacturing Concerns, the Safest Investment on Record.

10% Per Cent. Dividend Guaranteed.

$100 draws an income of $10 per year.
$200 draws an income of $20 per year.
$500 draws an income of $50 per year.
$1000 draws an income of $100 per year.
$2000 draws an income of $200 per year.
$5000 draws an income of $500 per year.

And the beauty of it all is, it is an thoroughly safe investment.

There is no speculation in buying a block of the preferred stock of the Koal-Spar Co.

The Company is legally organized by Clarence Hale, Esq., brother of U. S. Senator Hale, the prominent attorney of Portland, Maine.

The dividend of 10 per cent. is guaranteed, and being earned now, as the stock is preferred and has a prior claim on all the earnings of the Company.

The money received from selling this guaranteed 10 per cent. preferred stock is to be used to buy real estate, build factories thereon, and extend the business generally.

The dividend is payable semi-annually in gold, on the first day of July and January of each year.

The Company have issued a complete prospectus, explaining fully all questions which would naturally arise in the minds of investors.

You can have one by calling on or writing to The Koal-Spar Co., 51 & 53 Summer St., Continental National Bank Building, Boston, Mass.

Write to-day. This is a chance of a lifetime. 3-18-tf

Green Mountain Farm Butter,

J. & J. Darlington's Butter,

Pinnacle Farm Butter (of Walpole, N. H.,) to be had at the

SEASIDE MARKET,

292 THAMES, Near Post Office.

W. S. LAWTON, - - - Proprietor.

Druggists.

JAMES T. WRIGHT, Ph. G.

REGISTERED PHARMACIST,

Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery,

Manufacturer of Wright's Odontine, a Dentifrice of the highest merit.
Wright's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil,
Wright's Blackberry Cordial,
Wright's Sarsaparilla, etc.,
Wright's Coltsfoot Cough Lozenges.

Washington Square, Newport, R. I.

Charles M. Cole,

PHARMACIST,

302 Thames St.,

TWO DOORS NORTH OF POST OFFICE,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Caswell, Massey & Co.,

Cod Liver Oil, Pepsin and Quinine.

In Lung Affections resulting from La Grippe, this remedy is prescribed by the leading physicians of New York and this city.

Quinine and Iron Tonic Wine.

The tonic properties of Calisaya Bark and Iron are well known. They are in this preparation combined in their most active form.

Quinine Chocolates.

The numerous imitations of our Quinine Chocolates prove conclusively their merits. In chronic forms of malaria, characterized by headache, loss of appetite and general weakness, their use is especially indicated.

Iodized Sarsaparilla.

With the change of season a blood purifier is in many cases a necessity. In such cases the use of Iodized Sarsaparilla will be found to produce the best results.

Caswell, Massey & Co.,

237 THAMES ST,

CHASE'S RENOVATING COMPOUND FOR DISEASES OF POULTRY.

A THOUSAND testimonials of many people who have used this remedy for their poultry the discoverer has put it in the market.

JOHN H. CHASE, Proprietor,
General Agency at Taylor's Pharmacy, Broadway.

For Sale.

1 Good Second-Hand Side Bar TOP BUGGY and also a good POTATO WAGON, at

J. B. BACHELLER'S,

P. O. Box 116. Commercial Wharf.

Miscellaneous.

TUNING.

Pianos tuned and repaired. Pianos tuned by the year at reduced rates. Orders promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed.

JOHN VARS,

172 THAMES STREET,
Entrance through Carr's Book Store;

100 Acres, $3,000.

A SOUTHERN Rhode Island Farm

of 100 acres

Large, two-story house, arranged for two families if desired. Barn, wood-house, two cribs and other buildings, all in good condition, two miles to seashore; few minutes walk from churches, schools, post office, blacksmith, wagon shops and grist mill. Four miles from railroad station; macadamized roads in all directions.

UNOBSTRUCTED VIEWS,

ALL FOR **$3,000.**

DANIEL WATSON, Sole Agent,
Offices: 236 Thames street, Newport, and Ferry wharf, Jamestown.

MICHAEL F. MURPHY,

CONTRACTOR

—AND—

BUILDER

OF MASON WORK

NEWPORT, R. I.

Filling, Draining and all kinds of Jobbing promptly attended to.

Orders left at

16 Callender Avenue

J. W. Brickham Jackson

PORTRAIT and Landscape Photographer,

No. 6 Equality Park,

NEWPORT, R. I.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs and Injections. They cure in 48 hours the same diseases without any inconvenience. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

The Mercury.

JOHN P. SANBORN, Editor and Proprietor.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, '93.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

Proclamat'on

BY HIS EXCELLENCY D. RUSSELL BROWN, GOVERNOR.

Whereas, In honor of the great discoverer, Christopher Columbus, and in commemoration of the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of this continent—the National Government has invited all nations of the world to meet in friendly rivalry to display the best fruits of their natural resources and mechanical and educational progress, and

Whereas, All nations have accepted and have now on exhibition at the World's Fair in the city of Chicago the best fruits of their hands, and

Whereas, Rhode Island, in common with other States, has contributed liberally of her natural and mechanical products, together with a good showing of her advanced educational methods and institutions, all combining to promote good citizenship and broader ideas of life, and

Whereas, The Board of World's Fair Commissioners of Rhode Island has appointed Thursday, Oct. 5, as Rhode Island day at the World's Fair, and the Commissioners of this State have received the assurance of the World's Columbian Commission and Exposition that they will heartily co operate to make the celebration of that day impressive and significant.

Now therefore, I, D. Russell Brown, Governor of the State, do hereby give notice and proclaim to all the people, that Thursday, Oct. 5, 1893, will be "Rhode Island Day" at the Columbian Exposition in Chicago, Illinois, and I invite the citizens of Rhode Island, and the representatives of all interests in the Exposition, to join in making this celebration worthy of our State.

I advise and request the people of our State—so far as possible—to visit the World's Fair at that time, and to assemble at the Rhode Island State Building to participate in the commemoration exercises.

I cordially invite former residents of our State, together with those kindred with our people to join in this celebration.

And I ask for it in the interest and hearty co-operation of all who honor the history and rejoice in the prosperity of Rhode Island.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of this State to be affixed at Providence, the second day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three, and of Independence the one hundred and eighteenth

(L. S.) D. RUSSELL BROWN.

By the Governor:
GEO. H. UTTER, Secretary of State.

EDITORIAL NOTES

The international cricket match, played at Toronto this week, was won by the Americans, with four wickets to spare.

The daily World's Fair attendance has now passed the 200,000 mark and it is expected it will reach 300,000 before the end of the month.

It is said that Mrs. Cleveland proposes to name the new baby Naomi. The mistress of the White House evidently is a believer in Bible names.

The state of Maine is a prohibition state, but it is said that there is one liquor dealer to every 873 men women and children throughout the State.

The Grand Army has made an excellent choice in their new commander-in-chief. John G. B. Adams of Massachusetts is a true patriot and his war record is unsurpassed.

Our senators should have studied the financial question during vacation and been prepared to vote intelligently when congress convened, without talking about it several months.

Mr. Pierre Lorillard's decision to sell his stables and retire from the turf is due to continued ill health. He will spend the winter, and possibly longer, in California, where he hopes to regain his health.

Thus far the extra session of Congress has cost the people upwards of $300,000 and the sentiment of only one branch of that body has yet been expressed upon the question for which it was convened.

Kentucky secured the Hawaiian plum, and it fell into the arms of a gentleman named Albert S. Willis. The private affairs of Mr. Blount prevented him from returning as minister to that country.

The assessed valuation of New York city just returned by the tax assessors is $1,033,518,529 a net increase in a year of $105,255,254, and the tax to be raised amounts to $34,177,427.56. And this is the city that can't even keep her streets clean!

The Navahoe wins at last, and in one of the finest races ever sailed in English waters. She beat the Britannia over the 120 mile course and takes the Brenton Reef cup and the high honor of having covered this long course in the quickest time on record. Verily, the Herreshoffs are in it this season.

The trial races between the four great sloops have been sailed and the prize—the honor of defending the America cup against the Valkyrie—awarded to the Vigilant. This speedy craft will now be returned to her makers, the Herreshoffs, to be put in thorough condition for the great event.

Frederick L. Ames, of Boston, who died very suddenly on steamer Pilgrim while enroute to New York Tuesday night, was New England's richest resident and a man of widest prominence in the railroad enterprises of the country. He was 63 years of age, and, until his lifeless remains were found in his stateroom Wednesday morning, had been considered in perfect health.

September 18, 1793, was laid the corner-stone of our National Capitol, and the one-hundredth anniversary of that important event is to be duly celebrated at Washington next Monday. In view of these facts, a four column article which we publish on the 6th page of today's MERCURY will be found of especial interest to our readers. It gives a condensed history of the Capitol from its inception, together with a full account of the exercises at the laying of the corner-stone, a century ago, as published in the MERCURY at that time.

The fact is noted that while there are thousands of unemployed men in the Northwestern States the farmers out there experience great difficulty in getting hands to do their farm work. The idle men who have left the mines and the mills will not do farm work at the wages offered, and the low price at which grain is selling does not warrant the farmers in offering more. Honest labor, even at small wages, is better than idleness.

Of the 356 members of the present Congress 118 are college educated. Two hundred and seven of them are lawyers and 33 are farmers. Fifty-five of them began life as farmers, but drifted into more money making occupations. All except 22 of the whole number are American born. There is at present only one colored man in Congress, and he is from South Carolina.

The growth of the order of Odd Fellows has been phenomenal. In 1830 there were 1,000 members; in 1840, 11,100; 1850, 139,242; 1860, 149,250; 1870, 297,737; 1880, 410,782; 1890, 649,702, and at this time the membership is more than 800,000. There has been expended by them all these years $30,000,000 for relief.

Twenty-five thousand veterans of the Grand Army of the Republic marched in the parade at Indianapolis, last week, which marked the twenty-seventh national encampment of the order. The flight of three decades had not increased the marching ability of the veterans and very many of them left the line before the four-mile route had been traversed.

The sudden death of Fred L. Ames of Boston, the richest man in New England, was a shock to the people everywhere.

School Board Meeting.

The public school board held its regular monthly meeting Monday evening. Chairman W. P. Sheffield, Jr., presided, and Messrs. Cozzens, Perry, Horton, and Langley were also present. On recommendation of the committee on Teachers, Miss Petzka was granted a year's vacation and Miss Dyer was selected to take her place at $400, Miss Petzka to be given the balance of her salary, $60. The committee on Text Books reported, recommending certain changes in rhetoric and music, but the matter was referred to the next meeting. The Text Book committee was authorized to provide the Point Kindergarten with a piano. The committee on Buildings reported that the school property had been carefully examined during the vacation and needed repairs made. On the recommendation of this committee all of last year's school janitors were re-elected except the one for Rogers High School which was passed.

Truant Officer Topham reported fifty-one complaints during the past year, of which two were found to be for cases of truancy. Eight children were sent to school, three to the public and three to parochial schools. He recommended that the two truancy cases be prosecuted and by vote of the committee he was authorized to proceed against the two boys unless they develop a disposition to attend school.

The report of Superintendent Baker was read and received. It gave the first week's school attendance as follows: Number enrolled, 1,870; belonging, 1,810; attending, 1,733; percentage of attendance, 90.0. The enrollment in the high school was 144, of which but seven were non-resident pupils. These figures have been considerably increased this week. His method of complying with the new text book law was also explained and found highly satisfactory in every particular.

Mr. Swinburne's Trouble.

Mr. Wm. C. Swinburne, who recently returned here from the West on a visit to his adopted parents, Hon. and Mrs. W. J. Swinburne, was arrested here Wednesday on a charge of committing forgery in Denver, Col. His many friends believed him innocent of the charge, and the following, taken from the Providence Journal of yesterday, would indicate that their confidence had not been misplaced:

Proceedings in the case of William C. Swinburne, the adopted son of ex-Mayor Swinburne of Newport, who has been under arrest by the police authorities of Newport on the complaint of forgery of the name of the General Ticket Agent of the Union Pacific Railroad in Denver, Col., have been temporarily checked by direction of Gov. Brown, who has notified the Sheriff of Newport county to stay all action until further orders. Gov. Brown and Attorney General Burbank had previously prepared and examined the requisition papers and they had been signed and issued. Further investigation shows that there has been either a misstatement of the charges on which the requisition was founded or a general misunderstanding of the matter. The inquiry results in the discovery that the charge of forgery was never definitely brought. The evidence of wrongdoing seems to be in effect that there had been an alteration of certain tickets which passed through Swinburne's hands.

The officers of the Union Pacific Railroad Company in Boston have sent a peremptory order to the general manager of the division where the tickets were issued to have the agent at Denver immediately withdraw the charges against Swinburne. In all probability Gov. Brown will give a hearing to the parties in interest, and the friends of Swinburne are confident that a thorough investigation of the charges will prove that he has not done anything to warrant the criminal allegations that have been given publicity. Detective De Lew of Denver was in the city yesterday in consultation with the police authorities. Gov. Brown and Attorney General Burbank are absent from the city and the stay of proceedings which the Sheriff of Newport county has been directed to institute will necessitate a hearing and a thorough and exhaustive examination of the evidence before Executive authority is finally given to transfer Swinburne to the jurisdiction of Colorado.

Officer McCormick has been sent to the World's Fair by his friends on the Hill.

A Lady Barber.

The Gentler Sex the Finest Tonsorial Artists.

The Best Representative of the Art in This Country.

Some Things She Has to say Which Make Interesting Reading.

If there is anything which a woman is calculated to do better than a man, it is in the care of and attention to the hair. Her natural skill and taste make her preeminently man's superior. This explains the great popularity of Mrs. C. V. Wentworth, who stands easily the foremost tonsorial artist in this country.

Seen at her tonsorial parlors, at 5 Main street, Waterville, Maine, she said:

"I am well and strong again now. For the past two years my health has been so poor I could not do my work, could not walk across the house, in fact. I got so feeble that the best doctors in this city said if I went to sleep on my left side I would never wake again.

"I heard of Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy and thought I would try it, and when I had taken one bottle I was very much better. I have taken four bottles of this remarkable medicine and it has done me more good than any medicine I ever took.

"I am now able to do my work and have gained twenty-five pounds in weight. I cannot say enough in its praise."

MRS. C. V. WENTWORTH.

The singular thing is that all the doctors in the city gave Mrs. Wentworth up as incurable, saying that she could not possibly live. Now that they have seen the wonders performed by this great and valuable medicine, there is no doubt that they are prescribing and giving Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy for every disease. It certainly cures more diseases than any other remedy ever discovered and physicians and druggists are recommending it all over the country as the best of all medicines—the ideal remedy, in fact, to invigorate the blood, strengthen the nerves and start up a healthy action of the liver, kidneys and bowels.

Use this remedy now and it will make you strong and well—in fact put you in perfect health again. It is purely vegetable and harmless and druggists keep it for $1.00. It is the prescription and discovery of the famous physician, Dr. Greene of 34 Temple Place, Boston, Mass., the successful specialist in curing all forms of nervous and chronic diseases and he can be consulted free, personally or by letter.

Reports from many points in Minnesota and the Dakotas indicate that Sunday last was the hottest day of the year. In St. Paul the highest temperature was reached at 3 o'clock, when the register indicated 94 degrees. At Mankato the mercury ran up to 99 in the shade, and at several points along the border it was more than 100. Kansas City had its hottest day of the year Wednesday when the mercury reached 100.

Aquidneck Cycle Club Election.

The Aquidneck Cycle Club, at its annual meeting on the 8th inst., elected the following officers for the ensuing year:

President—Harry E. Nason.
Vice President—George F. Silvia.
Secretary—Benjamin Few.
Financial Secretary—George Parrott.
Treasurer—Thomas Twigg.
Captain—H. Laureas Peckham.
First Lieutenant—Harry West.
Second Lieutenant—Benjamin Gladding.
Bugler—Joseph L. Smith.
Executive Committee—J. Lewis, J. Ramlose, G. B. Bryant.

Church Election.

The corporation of the Second Baptist Church has elected the following officers for the year ensuing:

Moderator—John Congdon.
Vice Moderator—G. B. Smith.
Clerk—R. H. Stevens.
Treasurer—H. E. Read.
Auditor—John Congdon.
Committee on Repairs—John Congdon, H. E. Read, James G. Albro.

Important Changes.

The Double Service of the Fall River Line has been discontinued but the Puritan and Pilgrim will remain in commission. Pullman Vestibuled trains connecting with steamers at Fall River in eighty minutes leave Park Square Station at 6 P. M. week days, 7 P. M. Sundays. Correspondingly fast trains connect with steamers from all other points on the Old Colony system.

Three Special Tours to Chicago.

Messrs. Raymond & Whitcomb have arranged for three more special excursions to Chicago, September 13 and 27, and October 4, respectively. Their own hotel, the Raymond & Whitcomb Grand, being already well filled, these supplementary parties will make their stay at Oscar G. Barron's Suburban Hotel. This establishment is only a short distance from the other, and is conducted in excellent style. In each instance a week will be passed in Chicago, and there will be a stop at Niagara Falls; and the price of tickets, including all expenses complete, with admissions to the Exposition, will be only $100. Particulars may be obtained of Raymond & Whitcomb, 296 Washington street, Boston.

WASHINGTON MATTERS.

Congress' Work—Senate Still Wrestling With the Silver Bill and the House Killing Time—Ex-Speaker Reed and His Free Trade opponents—Senator Tiller's Attack on the Press—The Senate Debate Making Bad Democratic Blood.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, D. C., Sept. 11, 1893.

Mr. Cleveland has it in his power to end the silver debate in the Senate in twenty-four hours, but he so far has positively refused to do it. Perhaps now that Mrs. Cleveland has given birth to another girl and that mother and daughter are doing well, he may be sufficiently mollified to consent to what will close the debate, which is admitted by all, silver and anti-silver men alike, to be doing more harm than good. His latest ultimatum, given to an administration Senator who had called on him to suggest that the compromise proposed by Senator Faulkner, of West Virginia, or a similar one be adopted, was that the Vorhees repeal bill must be passed without any condition whatever if he still maintains that attitude he may, indeed, probably will in the end see the Vorhees bill passed, but it will only be after a long and bitter struggle that will almost certainly disrupt the democratic party. The compromise suggestion is that two or three million of silver dollars be coined each month until the total shall reach $8,000,000. The suggestion is personally approved by many administration Senators, but, of course, they will not vote for it unless Mr. Cleveland says so.

The House is dragging along in a manner that indicates to all the world that it has received its orders to kill time until further orders. It is understood that an attempt is to be made in the House to stir up a bitter partisan debate over the bill to repeal the Federal election laws, the idea of the democratic leaders being that such a debate will draw party lines sharply, solidify the democrats in the House, and stop the threatened stampede of southern democrats to the people's party on account of the silver question. The republicans in the House will neither seek nor avoid such a debate, but they will certainly oppose, by every means at their command, the repeal of these laws, the only restraint now left upon the democrats of the South and of the large cities.

The position taken on the Chinese question by the administration is certainly a little odd. After waiting many months it now officially announces that all Chinese convicted under the Geary law will forthwith be deported, although it is perfectly well known that the funds at the disposal of the Treasury department, for this purpose, are not sufficient to pay for the deportation of one per cent of the Chinese who have made themselves liable to the law by neglecting or refusing to register. The Senators and Representatives from the Pacific coast have been constantly urging Secretary Carlisle to enforce the law, and at first they were disposed to think that it was their argument which had brought about the change. It has, however, been unofficially announced that it was because the new Chinese minister had made no move towards securing a new treaty between the two countries that the law is to be enforced. If that isn't an odd reason to publicly give for enforcing a law, one was never before given. It is as if the administration had said to the new Chinese minister: "We shall now begin the deportation of your countrymen, unless you at once submit propositions for a new treaty." Surely the ambitious composers of comic opera will not over look such promising material.

If ex-Speaker Reed continues to cross question and make fools of the paid attorneys of the free-traders who appear before the committee, notwithstanding the unconcealed efforts of Chairman Wilson and his democratic colleagues on the committee to protect and aid them, the democrats will be mighty glad when the public hearings before the House, Ways and Means committee come to an end. As at present conducted, they are a farce anyway; the committee was organized to report a free-trade tariff bill and it will do it, unless the order is countermanded from its original source—the White House.

Senator Teller made one of the bitterest attacks ever made upon the press of the country, in connection with the silver question. He charged the newspapers with being mendacious in dealing with the silver question and with constantly circulating false statements, and denied that they represent the sentiment of the country on this question. He said there are no longer any great newspapers or great editors, such as Horace Greely and Henry Raymond, in this country, and that newspapers are now run like manufactories, for money only. The tone of the speech was entirely unexpected, and made a sensation which has not died out yet, and is not likely to very soon, as the press of the country will probably have considerable to say in defense.

It will be sometime before the hard feeling stirred up by the angry passage of words between Senators Hale and Vorhees dies out. The words of Senator Hale, which left the sharpest sting, were the following, which contain an unmistakable intimation not at all creditable to Mr. Voorhees: "I speak not only for myself but for other republican Senators, and no such attack shall prevent us, whenever we see fit, from speaking freely, without being subjected to retorts of the kind which the Senator from Indiana has made, and which he will not be proud of tomorrow. J. B.

Old Colony steamers Providence and Plymouth have been laid up here for their annual overhauling and freight boats City of Taunton and City of Brockton have gone into commission.

ARE YOU BILIOUS?
THEN USE
PARSON'S PILLS.
"Best Liver Pill Made"
Positively cure BILIOUSNESS and SICK HEADACHE, all Liver and Bowel Complaints. Put up in Glass Vials. Thirty in a bottle, one a dose. They expel all impurities from the blood. Delicate women find great benefit from using them. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 25 cents, five bottles $1.00. Full particulars free. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT
For INTERNAL as much as EXTERNAL use.
ORIGINATED
By an Old Family Physician.
Cures Cramp, Colic, Sore Throat, Cramps, Pains, stops Inflammation in body or limb, like magic. Cures Toothache, Asthma, Catarrh, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Rheumatic Pains, Neuralgia, Lame Back, Stiff Joints, Sprains. Illustrated Book free. Trial, 25 cents; six times as much, 50 cents. Sold by druggists. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

{SEAL} A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

George Loughborough of Point Judith had his arm nearly shot off while gunning in Point Judith pond Sunday morning. He picked up his gun, which was loaded, and was about to get into his boat, when he accidentally hit the hammer of the gun against the side of the boat, which exploded the shell. The charge passed through his right arm, between the shoulder and elbow, breaking the muscles and bones seriously.

A Famous Article.

We call the especial attention of our readers to the advertisements of the famous Ivorine Washing Powder that are appearing in the MERCURY. A very attractive feature of this article is the cake of genuine Olive Oil Soap for *toilet* use that the manufacturers have been putting in every package since the first of April of the present year. This is a splendid soap and too much cannot be said for it. Having used it we know whereof we speak. The J. H. Williams Co. are the largest manufacturers of shaving soaps in the world. Their Yankee Shaving Soap has been celebrated for half a century—and Ivorine Washing Powder is as popular with good housekeepers as the Yankee shaving soap is with their husbands—and as necessary. We recommend all of our readers who do not already use Ivorine to give it a trial.

WEEKLY ALMANAC.

SEPTEMBER STANDARD TIME, 1893.

	Sun rises	Sun sets	Moon rises	High water Morn	High water Eve
9 Sat	5 35	6 18	4 33	6 47	7 10
10 Sun	5 36	6 16	sets	7 31	7 53
11 Mon	5 37	6 15	7 2	8 13	8 34
12 Tues	5 38	6 13	7 24	8 53	9 14
13 Wed	5 39	6 12	7 45	9 31	9 55
14 Thurs	5 40	6 10	8 11	10 11	10 38
15 Fri	5 41	6 8	8 41	11 00	11 23

Last Quarter, 3d day, 4h. 41m., morning.
New Moon 10th day, 2h. 5m., morning.
First Quarter, 17th day, 11h. 19m., evening.
Full Moon, 25th day, 3h, 23m., evening.

A. O'D. Taylor.
Office 124 Bellevue Avenue.

1.—Would accept $2,700 for the Langley lot 10½ acres, next Middletown Methodist Church.
2.—A fertile choice lot of land about 3½ acres for $1200, with adjoining lot of 10 acres not so good $1800 on Green End Avenue.
3.—Edwin Booth's place for sale on East River, Middletown; 10 acres, house, stables, boathouse, etc. I hold this from Mr. Booth's executors for sale, as none of the family propose hereafter to occupy it. It cost above $50,000 will sell for less.
4.—Have farm for sale with sea-front, and about 45 acres and dwelling house. To close up family accounts would accept the low price of $6,000.

BIRTHS.

In this city, 10th inst., Cora B., infant daughter of William C. and Annie M. Newman, aged 8 months and 9 days.

In this city, 11th inst., Ludwig W., son of Erwin and Nellie B. Frank, aged 4 years and 4 months.

In this city, 11th inst., Ellen S., daughter of John and Evelyn Kelman, aged 2 months.

In this city, 12th inst., John George Helsinger, in the 6th year of his age.

In East Greenwich, 10th inst., Varnum G. Wilcox, in his 85th year.

In South Rehoboth, 12th inst., Verona Pierce in his 18th year.

In Johnston, 7th inst., John Mawney King, in his 72d year.

In Providence, 11th inst., Matthew Sweet, 70; 11th inst., Miss Josephine A. Lane, 65; 7th inst., Milton Wilks, infant child of W. C. and Rebecca C. Preston, aged 6 months and 2 days.

In Los Angeles, Cal., 6th inst., Herbert W. Parmenter of Providence, in his 29th year.

In Uxbridge, Mass., 10th inst., John Bacon in his 70th year.

At Arcadia, 6th inst., Almira, widow of Clark Barber, in her 72d year.

In Pawtucket, 13th inst., Elizabeth Appleby, widow of Horace Barnes, in her 74th year.

In New Bedford, 12th inst., Samuel P., son of the late Henry R. and Abby B. Wilcox, in his 53d year.

In Tiverton, 12th inst., Harriet M., widow of Stephen F. Grinnell, in her 53th year.

In Tiverton, 12th inst., David Durfee, 3d, in his 79th year.

SIMEON HAZARD,

FOR SALE—In Newport, a fine residence property on Cranston Avenue $10,000. Excellent Home on Kay street $10,000 to close an estate, also one on R. I. Avenue near Champlin street for $11,000.

FOR SALE—A farm of 115 acres in Portsmouth, good farm buildings two houses in a most charming location. Price right.

FOR SALE—A small farm of 28 acres, one of 60 acres, and several small places of from two to 12 acres. Some desirable building sites near Broadway from 25c. up. One bargain on Broadway, room for two fine residences.

OFFICE 94 BROADWAY.
Open Monday, Wednesday and Saturday evenings.

FRAUDS

will be

Perpetrated for Gain.

Unscrupulous manufacturers of medicines are offering to supply the retail druggists with an article put up in RED wrapper, almost identical in general appearance, and closely assimulated in every detail, to Carter's Little Liver Pills.

In this way they hope to profit by the merit of Carter's Little Liver Pills, and palm off an imitation on the unsuspecting sufferer and purchaser.

It is the source of wonder to honest people, that there are men ready and willing to perpetrate such frauds.

Let them beware; a day of reckoning will surely come, there are "upright judges" in the land who will punish such people.

When you go for a bottle of Carter's Little Liver Pills, ask for "CARTER'S" insist upon having "CARTER'S," and see that you get "C-A-R-T-E-R-'-S"

The proprietors of Carter's Little Liver Pills have spent hundreds of thousands of dollars to make their value known. True merit always wins with the people, CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS have won.

A POSITIVE CURE FOR SICK HEADACHE.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price

ELEGANT

FALL SUITS.

Gentlemen desiring a Fall Suit which has all the fine points and in every sense is the equal of a CUSTOM-MADE garment at much less price are invited to an inspection of those we have in stock of our own manufacture.

Special attention is called to the "EXCELLENT TRIMMINGS" and thorough manner in which they are made.

PRICES RANGE FROM $15 to $25.00.

Newport One Price Clothing Co.,

CLOTHING. HATS. FURNISHINGS.

208 THAMES STREET 208

A Great Surprise

—AT—

Schreier's

Queen Anne Millinery Establishment,

143 THAMES STREET,

TRIMMED HATS

—AT—

99 cents and upwards.

A Genuine Clearance Sale

To Close out Summer Stock.

None Should Miss These

Great Bargains.

Do You Wish to Meet With

SUCCESS

INTRODUCTION

Cheerfully Given,

—AT—

WING & THOMPSON'S, 172 & 176 B'way, Lake's Korner

Deering Giant Mower.

If you are in want of a Mower try the Deering Giant, it has stood the test for several years. It has outlived all mowers that has been offered here against it. It is light running, no side draft. It has a frame that will hold its bar without trembling. Call and examine

The Thomas Hay Tedder,

The Royal Self-Dump Rake,

The Gazelle Self-Operating Sulky Rake.

The I. X. L.

Knife and Sickle Grinder,

The easiest, simplest and most practical method ever invented for dressing and grinding mowing machines and harvester knives and sickles.

A. A. BARKER,

162 & 164

BROADWAY.

We Recommend

AMERICAN POULTRY FOOD

—FOR—

Young Chicks, Laying Hens and all Poultry.

FOR SALE BY

BRIGGS & CO.,

COMMERCIAL WHARF.

FRED L. AMES DEAD

The News Sadly Received by His Many Friends.

Massachusetts Wealthiest Citizen—An Interesting Outline of the Great Financier's Career.

BOSTON, Sept. 14.—Frederick Lothrop Ames died suddenly on board the Fall River line boat while on his way to New York. The cause was apoplexy. Mr. Ames was apparently in good spirits and joked with Captain Davis and the steward. He retired to his stateroom soon after supper. It had been his custom to rise at 8 o'clock. As he had not appeared some time later, Captain Davis became uneasy and had the stateroom broken into, and Mr. Ames was found dead.

Coroner Conway believes that the millionaire was seized with an apoplectic fit while in bed and that he rolled out on the floor. His death struggle must have been severe, for in his agony Mr. Ames nearly bit off his tongue.

Began Life at the Bottom.

Frederick Lothrop Ames, capitalist, railroad builder and director, was the son of Oliver Ames, the second to bear that name, and was born in North Easton, June 8, 1835. His mother was Sarah (Lothrop) Ames. He received his early education at Concord, and at Phillips Exeter academy prepared for Harvard university, where he was graduated in 1854.

His tastes were then inclined to law, but in deference to his father's desire he went into business. It was his father's wish that he begin at the bottom of the ladder, and he at once became a clerk in the great Ames works at North Easton. From grade to grade, as the rules of the establishment required, he advanced, and after several years he was placed in charge of the accountant's department.

Very early he showed a marked executive ability, and when, in 1863, he became a member of the firm he was an experienced business man. Until 1876 the firm name was Oliver Ames & Sons, but in that year it was reorganized as Oliver Ames & Sons corporation, with F. L. Ames as treasurer, which position he held to the present time.

Early in his business career Mr. Ames had become interested in railroads, and when a young man was a director in the Union Pacific, the Chicago and Northwestern, Missouri Pacific and Texas Pacific railroads. Gradually he diverted his attention from merchandise to railroads, and at the time of his death was officially connected with some 75 railroads and was conceded to be one of the best informed men on all matters pertaining to this branch of enterprise in the country.

Many of the monetary institutions of Boston claimed a part of his attention, and he was identified with many charitable institutions, to which he gave much time and money.

A Unitarian in religion, Mr. Ames attended the First church, Boston, and here lent his strength, both moral and financial. He also took an active interest in the affairs of the church at North Easton. He was also a member of the corporation of Harvard college. His holdings of real estate in Boston were very large, and one of its most notable structures is the Ames building at the corner of Washington and Court streets.

A Very Rich Man.

The "street" gossiped about Mr. Ames' wealth, as it always does when a multi-millionaire dies. The estimates ranged from $25,000,000 to $50,000,000. Said one of the most careful and experienced of Boston bankers, a prominent member of the Stock exchange, "No one except those who will not talk can tell what Mr. Ames was worth when he died."

The sum total of the real estate on which Mr. Ames paid taxes in Boston is $6,100,700, and all of this is said to be free of encumbrance, except the Tremont House, which had a mortgage when he bought it. All this real estate paid taxes last year of $78,009, and nearly all of it returned from 6 to 7 per cent upon the investment.

Strange to say, even as recently as the year 1875, Frederick L. Ames was not taxed for a single dollar's worth of real estate in this city. In 1876 his name first appears on the assessors' books. He is there stated as owning $3500 worth of property, the tax being $69.85.

Opinions Had Great Weight.

In the financial world Mr. Ames was widely and favorably known. His great wealth made him a most desirable man for large corporations to have as a friend, and the extended experience which he possessed gave his views, as expressed at financial meetings, unusual weight and value. The chief characteristics that he displayed at such meetings were a demeanor of absolute and unfailing courtesy, an unusually tenacious memory and a clear and terse manner of stating his opinions. No matter how heated the discussion might become, Mr. Ames never forgot that he was a gentleman, and invariably bore himself as one.

His opinions on all matters connected with the finances and administration of the various corporations of which he was a member were eagerly sought, and, in a large measure, controlled the decisions of the different boards. He never spoke at any great length in support of his views, but seemed content to put them forward in a concise and lucid form and let them, as it were, do most of the talking for themselves.

Cautious in Charity.

Mr. Ames, while a liberal man, was not lavish. In his expenditures he wished clearly to see the utility of the object in which he was embarking. Wherever he was convinced his means would aid a worthy end he stood ready to contribute.

He was exceedingly fond of flowers of all kinds, and his greenhouses at North Easton were considered by experts to be the finest in the state.

Mr. Ames was the foremost collector of works of art in Boston, and his collections of paintings, porcelains, jades, crystals, and objects of art of all kinds, enjoyed a celebrity which extended far beyond the borders of New England.

To Meet Next Year at Hartford.

GUILFORD, Conn., Sept. 14.—The Second Connecticut light artillery held its annual reunion here. There were about 300 present. Officers were elected for the ensuing year. The regiment voted to hold the next reunion at Hartford.

Seven Buildings Burned.

ROCKLAND, Mass., Sept. 11.—Fire here last night resulted in the loss of seven buildings. Help was called for, and the fire department of Brockton rendered assistance. The loss is $50,000.

The thinnest tissue paper measures 1-1200 of an inch in thickness. The Krupp gun works claims a machine which will roll iron so thin that it would take 1,800 sheets to make an inch.

Teach children to say, "Yes, mother (or father)," and "No, mother," and to say, "Yes, sir (or madam)," to old people or to those who adhere to the old ways of speech

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Saturday, Sept. 9.

Another state revolt has broken out in Argentine——Robbers secured a large sum from a Chicago counting room——The banking house of A. L. Kaplansky, New York, has suspended——The tax rate in Melrose, Mass., is $14.40 on $1000, a reduction of $1.40——Chinamen not conforming with the Geary law are to be deported——A New York anarchist was sent to jail for making incendiary speeches——Four passengers were injured in a railroad wreck near Albright, Neb——No United States supervisor of elections is to be appointed in Boston——The safe of the Adams Express company at Akron, O., was robbed of $6000——The Campania made the eastward passage in 5d. 14h. 55m., breaking the record——Residents of Beverly, Mass., have taken legal steps to prevent that town from becoming a city——A German official pronounces Boston water the only water in this country fit to drink——Prince Louis of Bavaria says the German princes are ready to fight for German unity——A bad condition of affairs is reported by the receiver of the Sons and Daughters of America——Mexican murderers ambushed a pursuing posse in Colorado and killed one and fatally injured two others——Thomas F. Sullivan was arrested at Boston for causing the death of Thomas Walsh, a navy yard marine, several weeks ago——Foreign ships, it is said, will prevent the bombardment of Rio Janeiro by the rebel fleet. The army is loyal to the government——Schooner John P. Kelsey was burned while on a voyage from Rockland, Mass., to New York——A cottage at Milford Point, Conn., was rolled over and over by the wind and one person was killed——The home rule bill on second reading was overborn by a vote of 419 to 41 in the house of lords——Striking English miners are destroying property and life——Owing to the loyalty shown during the visit of the kaiser to Alsace and Lorraine he has abolished all exceptional laws that were made after the war——The vote in the senate on the repeal bill is likely to take place the last of next week——Richard M. Hooley, the noted theatrical manager, is dead, aged 71 years——Albert S. Willis was appointed by the president to be minister to Hawaii, Henry M. Smythe envoy to Hayti and Theodore Runyon ambassador to Germany——The gross debt of the city of Boston Aug. 31, 1893, was $52,897,544. The city and county debt together is $23,455,770.

Sunday, Sept. 10.

Detective Dunn of Akron, O., has recovered $5200 stolen from the Adams Express company——A fire in Cauhy, Minn., caused damage of $200,000——J. H. Newhouse of Rochester won the five-mile handicap in the cash prize league bicycle races at Eastern park, New York. Time, 12m. 48s.——The Washington mills of Lawrence, Mass., are to start up under reduced wages to operatives——The Massachusetts naval militia begun its fall series of drills on the monitor Passaic——The city of Portland, Me., has been sued for $5000 by the Portland Water company——A World's fair special ran into a freight train at Lebanon, N. H. No passengers were injured——Fall River (Mass.) weavers and card room employes voted to accept the reduction in wages——Medas Remo, a French boy, 6 years old, was drowned at Ware, Mass.——Edward Crane, 5 years old, of Littleton, Mass., was killed by falling under a loaded wagon——Ralph McKenney was bound over to the supreme court at Biddeford, Me., on the charge of horse stealing——John Bell, 75 years old, of Darien, Conn., fell off a load of hay and broke his neck. He was a prominent Odd Fellow and Mason——Harry Rockwell, 7 years old, son of a wealthy resident at Mill Plain, Conn., was smothered to death in a grain elevator in that town——Robert Feeley was arrested at Mansfield, Mass., for breaking and entering a store in that town. He admitted his guilt and was held in $1000 bonds for the grand jury.

Monday, Sept. 11.

Jack Edwards of New Hampshire was knocked out by Billy Hinds of Providence in four rounds——John Z. Rieger was found dead in Lake Whitney, Whitneysville, Conn——The steamer Massachusetts of the Providence line broke her shaft——The bark Raposa de Mar and 35 passengers are held at anchorage at New Bedford, Mass., for lack of proper papers——Edgar G. Wakefield and George Silver of Gardiner, Me., were held for manslaughter——Richard Wheeler, a Hatfield (Mass.) negro, was found dead on a couch in his hut, his head battered in with a club——Seven buildings were destroyed by fire at Rockland, Mass——A representative from Liberia complains at Washington that France has absorbed some of its territory, and went back with assurances the United States will render aid——Two freights on the Nickel Plate road collided and 40 cars were wrecked. An engineer was killed and three other hands mortally wounded——Baby Ruth had a sister born at the White House on Sunday——Walter Franklin, a well known hunter and fisherman of North Attleboro, Mass., fell from a boat at Lake Peure and was drowned. He was 33 years old.

Tuesday, Sept. 12.

The Britannia beat the Navahoe in the final race for the international gold cup——Many industrial establishments in New England resumed work yesterday——Six hundred New England pensioners have been dropped from the list, pending investigation——There is a great increase in Egypt's cotton crop——The new German taxes are to net $24,000,000——A new Polish party has been formed in Germany——Hamilton Fish was buried at Garrison's, N. Y——Hindu rioters were shot down in northwest Bengal——The Spokane (Wash.) exposition was destroyed by fire——Typhus fever is raging at San Luis Potosi, Mex——A death from cholera is reported at Retford, Eng——North Staffordshire (Eng.) miners have returned to work——No rain has fallen in central Illinois for 100 days——Cholera has broken out in a Constantinople prison——Kaiser William got a flattering reception at Carlsruhe——Yesterday was the hottest day of the season in Minnesota and the Dakotas——China is to utter a protest against France's new aggressions in Siam——It is again stated that there will be no strike on the New York and New England railroad——A bill before the senate contemplates keeping life saving stations open from Aug. 1 to June 1——A summer hotel and a number of cottages on Squirrel island, Me., were burned. Loss about $30,000——Indian financiers complain that the English authorities are callous to the financial troubles of India——Charles Robinson of New York is said to be the president's choice as a successor to Josiah Quincy as assistant secretary of state——O'Brien of Lewiston, Me., defeated Flaherty of Boston in a boxing contest in two rounds——Four prisoners made an attempt to escape from the state penitentiary, Charlestown, Mass——The Vigilant has been selected to defend the America's cup——Sisters of Charity of Mt. St. Vincent, near Halifax, have decided to start a branch academy and purchase land at Wellesley, Mass——The congress of religions opened at Chicago——The Navahoe was beaten in the final gold cup race by the Britannia——Martin Calcannon was savagely cut by razors in the hands of two infuriated Boston barbers.

Wednesday, Sept. 13.

An invasion of Mashonaland by Matabeles is imminent——The English miners have decided to continue the strike——Business is increasing at the Waltham (Mass.) Watch company's factories——The rebel fleet is hemmed in at Rio Janeiro and unable to escape——Francis H. Weeks, the New York lawyer, was indicted for stealing $1,300,000——The Pullman Palace Car company's plant at Pullman, Ills., was damaged $250,000 by fire——Russian intrigues in Norway may result in Sweden joining the triple alliance——Warden Bridges regards the attempted escape from Charlestown (Mass.) prison as of little consequence——Silver men, offended at the president's uncompromising attitude on silver, threaten to delay repeal by filibustering——The New York east-bound express was held up near Kendallville, Ind., and the express car blown up and robbed of $250,000——The 4 year-old trotter Arion won a $11,000 stake race at Chicago——Trunk lines are to increase the number of World's fair excursion trains——The new cruiser Columbia broke the record for speed in an unofficial trial——The board of trade convention at Washington adopted resolutions urging silver repeal——The National Cordage company is to be reorganized under a new name, with $4,000,000 capital——Commander-in-Chief Adams of the Grand Army received a warm welcome from the veterans of Lynn, Mass., and neighboring towns——The worsted department at the Arlington mills, Lawrence, Mass., started work at a reduction of 10 per cent in wages——Josiah G. Darling of New Haven, a machinist, 63 years of age, committed suicide——The Lewiston (Me.) mill and the Avon mill, which have been shut down for a month, will resume work next month——Mrs. Mary McCarthy, a widow, while engaged in hanging out clothes on the roof of a house at Haverhill, Mass., fell to the ground and received injuries from which she died——The second regiment Patriarch Militant, I. O. O. F. of Maine, held a field day at Bangor, Me. There were three battalions and 10 cantons. There was a parade and dress review.

Thursday, Sept. 14.

Immense forest fires are raging in the Black Hills——Plate glass works started up at Pittsburg——The Austrian government has taken steps to crush the Czech movement——Lumber docks at West Bay City, Mich., were damaged $100,000 by fire——Startling pension frauds are alleged to have been unearthed in Baltimore——Father James Rogers, a Boston priest, died in Liverpool of heart disease——The recent Hindu riots in Bombay are said to be the work of the congressists——Convict miners at Tracy City, Tenn., mutinied because of the poor food furnished them——The South Dakota towns of Lead City, Central City and other cities are hemmed in by fires——The Britannia beat the Navahoe by 3 1-2 seconds in a race across the English channel and back—120 miles—for the Brenton's Reef cup——Fred L. Ames, the Massachusetts millionaire, died suddenly on board of the steamer Pilgrim——A North Adams (Mass.) clergyman voluntarily arranged to take only half of his salary because of the hard times——President Smyth of the Concord and Montreal road declares that consolidation with the Boston and Maine is out of the question——There were 8000 people at the Springfield (Mass.) diamond cycle meet. Sanger was the lion of the day——The Haverhill (Mass.) board of trade held a meeting in favor of the construction of a state highway from Lawrence to the sea and a park system——A frightful havoc has been wrought by the cholera among Mohammedan pilgrims——The revolutionists of Argentine gained a victory in Cordova——The famous Faribault school plan has come to an end——The Western Union telegraph office in Washington was burned out——Senator Voorhees unavailingly tried to have a day fixed for a vote on repeal——The Canadian government still persists in its refusal to allow United States officials to inspect contract laborers landed at Quebec and destined for the States.

Friday, Sept. 15.

The Brotherhood of St. Andrew is in session in Detroit——The Prague press has been muzzled by the government——A death from cholera occurred at Ashton-under-Lyne, Eng——The mutinous miners at Tracy City, Tenn., have surrendered——There are five settlers to every claim in the Cherokee strip——The Red Jacket shaft of the Calumet and Hecla is to be reopened——Seattle's (Wash.) city treasurer is missing, and so is more than $200,000——The Vigilant's owners have offered to sail a match with the Jubilee for $5000 a side——The season for shooting grouse and woodcock has opened in Massachusetts——The Bank of France is said to have furnished money for the resumption of work on the Panama canal——A fixed sum is to be paid by the various cities and towns in Massachusetts for water basins outside their own limits——Baring Bros. & Co. have reduced their liabilities to the Bank of England and others $21,000,000 in round figures. Twenty millions remain——Tyler defeated Sanger and Zimmerman at Springfield, Mass., thus becoming a half-mile record breaker. Sanger did the same for two miles, while Meintjes, the African, broke 21 records——Haverhill (Mass.) is to have a big manufactory of silverware——A weavers' strike is threatened at New Bedford, Mass——Many New England mills are resuming work——Mrs. J. J. Astor and C. A. Stevens won the mixed double tennis match at Newport, R. I——The bombardment of Rio Janeiro is in progress——The Brenton reef cup was awarded to the Navahoe——The battle has begun in the house over the proposed repeal of the federal election laws——The Democratic campaign opened in Ohio——The Fletcher Manufacturing company's woolen yarn mill at Providence will start on full time Monday. The Gorham works may start on full time then also——Dean academy, Franklin, Mass., opened the fall term with the usual number of boarding pupils and a greatly increased number of day pupils——The New Haven Yacht club closed its social season with an elaborately planned ladies' day——A parochial school was opened for St. Mary's Catholic parish, Franklin, Mass., with from 150 to 200 pupils. By the change one or two of the rooms in the public school were nearly depleted of pupils——Charles Crossman and William Cash of Attleboro, Mass., came into collision on their bicycles. Both men were severely injured and both bicycles were smashed——The Universalist church at North Jay, Me., was dedicated.

Ammen Ram Rammed.

BATH, Me., Sept. 15.—The Ammen ram got a dose of her own medicine yesterday afternoon, when she was "rammed" by a schooner which was being docked. Two hawsers were parted, a mooring staple ripped off and one of the propellers bent.

Prosperous Amherst.

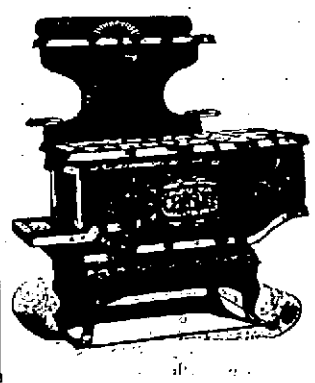
AMHERST, Mass., Sept. 15.—Amherst college opened its 73d year with the largest freshman class and largest total enrollment in its history. The new men number over 160, and the total membership will be about 440.

The Spencer Fire.

WORCESTER, Mass., Sept. 15.—The loss by fire at Spencer, by which several acres of the business portion of the town were wiped out, is now estimated at from $125,000 to $150,000. The insurance is about $80,000.

New Advertisements.

THE CENTURY RANGES



On Exhibition at Our Store.

Call and See Them

A. C. Titus & Co.,

225 to 227 THAMES STREET.

FOR SALE.

Ten good cows, mostly young, will sell together or separately.

Apply to

A. A. Tilley,

158 Broadway

The Berlin Iron Bridge Co.

Steel and Iron Bridges,
Steel and Iron Buildings.
Steel and Iron Roofs.

EAST BERLIN, CONN. 7-15

CARD.

We take this method to inform gentlemen who have never been our customers that we make to order or keep on hand in our Ready Made Department everything in the line of Fashionable Clothing for Men, Youths and Boys. All made in our own clean workshops.

Our aim has always been to make the BEST CLOTHING that can be produced, and we sell it at Reasonable Prices. We fully believe there are many who will appreciate this Card if they will call and examine our stock in the different departments.

There never was so fine a stock of Boys' Clothing at such reasonable prices shown in this city. All our own make.

Macullar, Parker & Co.,

112 Westminster St.,

New Number 166,

7-1-4m PROVIDENCE, R. I.

Fine Butter.

We receive daily by express from the creamery,

SWEET

Saltless Butter.

We think it the finest, best butter in the market.

OUR W. BRAND

Vermont Butter

will please you. Try it and we will number you among our regular customers.

A. A. Hunt & Co.,

151 THAMES STREET.

CHASE'S RENOVATING COMPOUND FOR DISEASES OF POULTRY.

A THOUSAND testimonials of many people who have used this remedy for their poultry the discoverer has yet little in the market

JOHN H. CHASE, Proprietor,

General Agency at Taylor's Pharmacy, Broadway. 5-13

Miscellaneous.

Summer Goods.

AWNINGS.

Portable and adjustable awnings, can be put up in 5 minutes or removed in 30 seconds. A complete awning to fit any size window, for only $4.00.

Piazza Curtains.

Ep it Bamboo Piazza Curtains with blocks and rope,

for $1.50, 1.75, 2.50, 3, up to 5.

TENTS.

Palmetto Tents, 7 feet square, 7 feet high, in blue or brown striped canvas,

for $8.50.

HAMMOCKS.

The largest assortment in Newport. 25 different styles to select from. Full size Hammocks for 40c, 75c, 95c, $1.23, 1.40, 1.73, 1.90, 2.25, 2.50, 2.75, 2.90, 3.00, 3.25, 3.43, 3.90, 4.50, 5.25 up to 6.

CROQUET.

Horsman's celebrated Croquet. The strongest and best Croquet made, complete sets for eight players, for 95c, $1.10, 1.90, 2.50, 3.50, 4, 5 up to 10.

Lawn Tennis.

A complete line of Wright and Ditson's, Spalding's and Horsman's Tennis goods at the regular New York and Boston prices.

Base Ball Supplies

from all the leading manufacturers.

Carts,
Wagons,
Wheelbarrows,
Goat Bulkies,
Buck Boards,
Velocipedes,
Bicycles,
Tricycles,
Doll Carriages,
Black Boards,
Children's Desks,
Children's Tables,
Children's Chairs, etc.

Foreign & Domestic Toys

of all kinds, at

A. C. Landers',

167

Thames Street,

COVELL'S BLOCK.

Headquarters

For Outdoor and Indoor Games and Sports.

THIS IS YOUR TIME.

Flies thrive for two months yet. To protect your house from the pest you must have window shades. Cut prices to close out.

60c. SCREENS	for	40c.
50c. "	"	35c.
30c. "	"	20c.
25c. "	"	19c.

The old tangle foot hold fast fly paper for 50c per case, traps thousands daily.

Norwood's Insect Liquid kills them instantly; death to all insects. The only thing for the Buffalo bug.

Use Magic Fluid for the bed pest, that you may rest in peace. Moth Camphor, Carbolic Acid, Chloride Lime, Household disinfectants, Ammonia, Hellibore, &c.

Use on your dumb beasts, Vitae-Lotion, Tuttle's, Daniels' and Slanes' Liniment, and feed them Sheridan's and Climax Condition Powders.

Polish your shoes with Challenge Blacking, the cleanest, purest and quickest polish known.

Ladies' Perfection Shoe Dressing is unexcelled.

Preserve Jars and Glasses, Jar Rubbers.

Farmers tie your corn with the new Self-Fastening Tie, saves time, comes cheap, no knots, no waste.

Wait till you see the only perfect Oil Heating Stove, with central and eccentric draft, radiates from the side to the floor, is positively odorless, non-explosive, no ratchets or thumb screws to raise or lower the wick, cheap and ornamental; costs but ¼c per hour to warm a room 12x15. Will arrive Sept. 1st, just the thing for chilly nights of autumn, before you start the furnace. Hotels and boarding houses give this attention. Put out on trial and warranted.

Five hundred Horse Blankets and Robes in fifty patterns, to arrive September 1st. Call early and get the best patterns.

—AT—

Geo. A. Weaver's

19-21-23 Broadway.

Miscellaneous.

CLOTHING!

CLOTHING!

New Goods Just Received.

BLACK

Cheviot Suits.

BLUE

Serge Suits.

BLUE

Flannel Suits.

BLACK CLAY

Diagonal Suits.

FANCY

Cassimere Suits

A full line of the above suits for men and youths just received. We have the largest line of FANCY SHIRTS ever shown in this city.

Our stock of

STRAW HATS

is larger and nicer than we ever showed.

J. E. Seabury,

218 & 220 Thames-st.

IMPROVEMENTS TO

Houses and Grounds

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Lights and Scenes on board the

GERMAN TRAINING SHIP,

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SEE THE

Providence Sunday Journal,

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Watchmaker and Jeweler, 146 THAMES STREET.

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Music Boxes, Umbrellas, Parasols, Fans, Canes, Spectacles &c., repaired.

★ NEWPORT, R. I. ★

For Sale.

A very attractive

FARM

—OF—

SEVENTY-FIVE ACRES,

—AT A—

Reasonable Price.

WHIPPLE & DERBY.

Miscellaneous.

LOOK

AT OUR

BARGAINS.

Pure Starch	5c per lb. 6 lbs 25c
Scotch Oatmeal	4 " 7 "
Soap	10 bars 25c
Granulated Sugar	18 lbs $1.00
Sardines	5c per box
Peaches in heavy syrup	15c per can
California Wines selected for their purity for medicinal purposes,	$1.00 per gal
Rums and Gins	$1.75 per gal
Pure High Proof Whiskies	$2.00 per gal and upwards

TRY OUR

HIGH GRADE COFFEES and TEAS

at Rock Bottom Prices.

We guarantee satisfaction.

P. H. HORGAN

224 Thames St.

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8-26-1y

Farmers and Gardeners!

ATTENTION

Having again secured a large stock of

HENRY C. ANTHONY'S

Garden and Vegetable Seeds

I would respectfully notify the public that this is the only place in Newport where these superior seeds can be obtained. All orders entrusted to my care will receive prompt attention. I would especially call the attention of the public to the superior and tested

ONION SEED AND SWEET CORN,

which are pronounced the best in the market.

A. A. BARKER,

Dealer in Groceries' Grain, Farming Utensils, etc.

182 BROADWAY, NEWPORT, R. I.

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Bulbs, Seeds & Plants.

Roman Hyacinths, Narcissus,
Bermuda Easter Lilies, Freesias,
Dutch Hyacinths, Lilly of the Valley,
Forcing Tulips,
and all other

FRENCH and DOMESTIC BULBS

at bottom prices.

ALSO

Flower Pots and Potting Soil.

full directions how to grow them to perfection.

5000 CHRYSANTHEMUMS,

all named, large flowering choice standard varieties, now in their flowering pots.

Garden Hose, Sprinklers, Couplings, &c.,

Lawn Mower Parts and Repairs, and Farm and Garden Tools of every make and pattern, at

JAMES GOHM'S,

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I. W. Briskham Jackson

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HOSPITAL TRUST CO.

15 Westminster Street,

PROVIDENCE, R. I.

CAPITAL,

1,000,000.

Surplus $500,000.

Transacts General Banking and Trust Business.

ALLOWS INTEREST on accounts subject to check at sight. Executors, Administrators, Guardians or Receivers depositing funds with this Company are by law exempted from all personal liability. LADIES' ACCOUNTS solicited.

ACCEPTS TRUSTS, created by will or otherwise, and is by law authorized to act as Executor, Administrator, Guardian or Receiver.

RENTS SAFES in its vaults at $10 per year and upwards; also receives Bonds, Jewelry, Silverware and other valuables for safe keeping.

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6-26

ONE HUNDREDTH ANNIVERSARY.

History of the National Capitol, With the Exercises Attending the Laying of Its Corner Stone a Century Ago.

In view of the fact that next Monday will be the 100th Anniversary of the laying of the corner stone of the National Capitol at Washington, and that the occasion is to be duly celebrated, the following condensed history of the building, together with a full account of the exercises conducted a century ago, will be found highly interesting reading. The historical sketch of the Capitol is taken from Kate Field's Washington of Sept. 8, instant, while the description of the exercises of laying the corner stone, including the oration of Joseph Clark, R. W. grand master of Masons pro tempore, is the copy of a letter from Georgetown, under date of Sept. 21, 1793, published in the MERCURY of Oct. 15, 1793:

"In 1789 the ground upon which the Capitol stands was farming land worth about fourteen dollars an acre. When Congress decided upon the banks of the Potomac as a site for the Capital City of the Nation, speculators stepped in just as promptly as they do now whenever the Government decides to buy anything, so that before the land was actually purchased for its present uses, it had passed through a number of hands and the price had risen to eighty or ninety dollars.

There is a tradition that confederated tribes of Indians who occupied the present District of Columbia when the English first settled in Virginia, used to visit this spot when they came to catch shad in the spring, and that these tribes held their councils and pow-wows on the very spot where Congress now sits. Some sentimentalists have gone so far as to say that the Father of his Country knew of this tradition and allowed it to influence him in the selection of the Capitol site.

Be that as it may, it is an historic fact that fully a century before the Revolution, a Scotchman owned a plantation thereabouts which he called Rome, and that he predicted the rise on this spot of a capital city far greater than its ancient namesake. As the Scotch have always been credited with the gift of second sight, there is nothing so very remarkable about this story.

There is, however, considerable authentic history about the Capitol and its site which will bear to be recalled. December 23, 1788, Congress passed an act ceding to the United States for use as a seat of Government a tract of land ten miles square. Within two years this land was located "between the mouths of the Eastern Branch and the Conogochague on the Potomac," and before another year had passed the city was laid out. Andrew Ellicott, it is said, got five dollars per day and expenses for marking out the foundations for the White House and the Capitol by the aid of astronomical instruments. The former was to face exactly to the North and the latter exactly to the East. Objection was made to the "expenses," so he went on without them.

At first the site of the Capitol comprised twenty-two acres and at the original cost was worth about two thousand dollars. Some twenty-five years ago it was enlarged to the present size of fifty-one and one-half acres. The additional twenty-nine and one-half acres cost $885,000.

The duty of erecting suitable buildings at the new seat of government had been laid by Congress upon President Washington and three commissioners whom he was to select. The members of the first Board of Commissioners were David Stewart, Daniel Carroll and Thomas Johnson; those of the second Board, appointed in 1795, were Gustavus Scott, William Thornton and Alexander White.

On March 14, 1792, the commissioners advertised for designs for the Capitol. The advertisement stated that the building was to be of brick, and called for a room for the Representatives and a conference room—each to accommodate three hundred people. There was to be a lobby, also. The Senate room was to have an area of one thousand two hundred square feet and a lobby; also twelve committee rooms, each having an area of six hundred square feet. The commissioners recommended that the central part of the building be detached, with a view to adding to it later. The material was afterward changed from brick to sandstone.

A premium was offered for the best plan—a building lot in the new city and five hundred dollars either in cash or a medal, as the winner might prefer. The second best design was to receive $250. All kinds of plans came in, but two were finally accepted. One had been presented by a William Thornton and the other by Stephen Hallate, and the original Capitol was begun to be built from a combination of the two sets of designs. I say "begun" to be built with malice intent, for very little of the building was finished in accordance with this plan, and that little was hardly used at all before it was pulled down and entirely remodeled.

There seems to have been dissensions with architects and trouble with contractors in those days just as there is now. The foundation wall was nearly up once, when the work was condemned and had to be begun over again. The method of building a thick wall in those days was peculiar—it consisted in dumping wheelbarrow loads of stones and mortar in the desired locality and then leveling it off as well as possible. I believe that some of the fathers thought this process not quite good enough for the seat of Government, and so condemned the job.

The first architect was Stephen Hallate, a Frenchman and one of the successful designers; James Hoban, the young Irishman who had designed and constructed the White House, was appointed to assist Hallate. No person of American birth seems to have had a hand in the work at its start. Hallate soon became dissatisfied and was replaced by an Englishman, George Hatfield, who proved to be as quarrelsome as his predecessor. Indeed, the only peaceable person on the premises seems to have been Mr. Hoban, who appears to have worked right along. In view of the squabbles over its inception, perhaps it is no wonder that the finished building is still the scene of broils and the seat of factions.

In spite of so many difficulties the building progressed until finally the foundation was complete; then followed the laying of the southeast cornerstone of the old north wing of the Capitol by President Washington, September 18, 1793; and it is the celebration of this event, one hundred years later, for which people are asked to desert the quadro centennial exhibition at Chicago, and for which Congress has decided to clog the wheels of the United States Government on September 18, 1893.

The ceremony one hundred years ago is said to have been solemn and imposing. Railroads with one fare for the round trip were unknown in those days, and the country about Washington was a practically unbroken wilderness, so the audience was made up chiefly of people within driving distance—but driving distance in those days was greater than it is to-day. Newspaper enterprise had not yet begun to develop, and when we are told that Philadelphia was the nearest newspaper city of any importance at all, and that even cation owing to an outbreak of yellow fever, it is easy to understand why the history of the occasion is meagre.

I am told that the only published account of the event written by an eyewitness is to be found in an Alexandria paper, dated September 25, 1793—a full week after the cornerstone was laid.

The President's speech, which the Alexandria "scoop" declares to have been "an oration fitting the occasion, which was received with brotherly love and commendation," has not come down to posterity.

The following account of the exercises, taken from the MERCURY of Oct. 15, 1793, makes no mention of any "oration" by President Washington and we are therefore of the opinion that the Father of His Country left all the talking on that occasion to his Masonic brother, notwithstanding what the "Alexandria scoop" may declare:

GEORGETOWN, Sept. 21, 1793.

On Wednesday last one of the grandest processions took place, which, perhaps, ever was exhibited on the like important occasion. It was in all probability much facilitated by an advertisement which appeared many days before in several newspapers of this state.

About ten o'clock Lodge No. 9 was visited by that congregation so graceful to the craft, Lodge No. 22, of Virginia, with all their officers and regalia; and directly afterward appeared on the southern bank of the grand river, Potomac, one of the finest companies of volunteer artillery that has been lately seen, parading to receive the President of the United States, who shortly came in sight with his suite, to whom the artillery paid their military honors; and his excellency and suite crossed the Potomac and was received in Maryland by the officers and brethren of No. 22, Virginia, and No. 9, Maryland, whom the President headed, preceded by a band of music; the rear, brought up by the Alexandria Volunteer Artillery with grand solemnity of march, proceeded to the President's square, in the city of Washington, where they were met and saluted by No. 15, of the city of Washington, headed by Brother Joseph Clarke, Rt. W. G. M.—P. T. and conducted to a large lodge, prepared for the purpose of their reception. After a short space of time, by the vigilance of Brother C. Worthy Stephenson, grand marshal P. T. the brotherhood and other bodies were disposed in a second order of procession, which took place amidst a brilliant crowd of spectators of both sexes, according to the following arrangement, viz:

The surveying department of Washington.
Mayor and corporation of George-Town,
Virginia artillery.
Commissioners of the city of Washington and their attendants.
Stone cutters, Mechanics
Two sword bearers,
Masons of the 1st degree,
Bibles, &c. on grand cushions,
Deacons with staffs of office,
Masons of the second degree,
Stewards with wands,
Masons of the 3d degree,
Wardens with truncheons,
Secretaries with tools of office,
Past-masters with their regalia,
Treasurers with their jewels,
Band of Music,
Lodge No. 22, of Virginia, disposed in their own order,
Corn wine, and oil,
Grand Master, P. T., George Washington,
W. M. No. 22, Virginia,
Grand sword-bearer.

The procession marched two abreast, in the greatest solemn dignity, with music playing, drums beating, colors flying and spectators rejoicing from the President's Square to the Capitol, in the city of Washington, where the grand master ordered a halt, and directed each file in the procession to incline two steps one to the right and one to the left, and face each other, which formed a hollow oblong square, through which the grand swordbearer led the van, followed by the grand master pro tempore on the left, the President of the United States in the center, and the worshipful master of No 22 Virginia, on the right; all the other orders that composed the procession advanced in the reverse of their order of march from the President's Square to the southeast corner of the Capitol, and the artillery filed off to a destined ground to display their manœuvres and discharge their cannon. The President of the United States, the grand master pro tempore and the worshipful master of No. 22, taking their stand to the east of the large stone, and all the craft forming a circle westward, stood a short time in solemn order.

The artillery discharged a volley. The grand marshal delivered the commissioners a large silver plate with an inscription thereon, which the commissioners ordered to be read, and was as follows: "This southeast cornerstone of the Capitol of the United States of America, in the city of Washington, was laid on the 18th day of September, 5793, in the thirteenth year of American independence, in the first year of the second term of the Presidency of George Washington, whose virtues in the civil administration of his country have been as conspicuous and beneficial as his military valor and prudence have been useful in establishing her liberties, and in the year of Masonry 1793, by the President of the United States in concert with the Grand Lodge of Maryland, several lodges under its jurisdiction, and Lodge No. 22, from Alexandria, Va. Thomas Johnson, David Stewart and Daniel Carroll, commissioners; Joseph Clark, R. W. Grand Master pro tempore; James Hoban and Stephen Hallate, architects; Collins Williamson, master mason."

The artillery discharged a volley. The plate was then delivered to the President, who, attended by the grand master pro tempore, and three most worshipful masters, descended to the cavazion trench and deposited the plate and laid it on the cornerstone of the Capitol of the United States of America, on which were deposited corn, wine and oil, when the whole congregation joined in reverential prayer which was succeeded by Masonic chanting honors and a volley from the artillery.

The President of the United States and his attendant brethren ascended from the cavazion to the east of the cornerstone and there the grand master pro tempore, elevated on a triple rostrum, delivered the following

ORATION.

My Worthy Brethren:

I presume you expect I shall in some measure address you on this very important occasion which I confess is a duty incumbent on me, altho' quite indequate to the task, and entirely unprepared, for until high Meridian yesterday I was not solicited, neither had I a conception to have the performance of this duty.

Therefore you will accept my observations with brotherly love, they are I assure you sincere; and dictated by a pure Masonic Heart, tho' very brief.

Volley from the Artillery.

Brothers I beg leave to declare to you that I have, and expect that you also have every hope that the grand work we have done today will be handed down, as well by record, as by oral tradition to as late posterity—as the like work of that ever memorable temple to our order erected by our ancient G. M. Solomon.

Volley from the Artillery.

The work we have done today—laying the corner stone of this designed magnificent Temple, the capitol of our extensive and populous states of veteran republicans; states which were recovered, settled and permanently established by the virtuous atchievements and bravery of our most illustrious brother, and benevolent friend to mankind, George Washington.

Volley from the Artillery.

I say, that we farther hope that this work may be remembered for many ages to come as a similar work hath from the commencement of the time to this remarkable moment: I mean the work of laying the corner stone of our ancient, honourable and sublime order.

Volley from the Artillery.

We also hope that the grand architect of all men, Free Masons and matter may continue his great gifts of ability to all those concerned, to persevere in raising not only on this particular corner stone, but on every other corner stone, already planted, and that may be planted in this extensive scite for a commercial federal city—edifices so durable, with strength and beauty, that with common care and nurture they may not envy time.

And we farther hope that all the edifices which may be erected in this territory of Columbia, may be numerously inhabited with citizens, to merit every commendation for their virtue, honor, bravery, industry and arts.

Volley from the Artillery.

And I hope that our super-excellent order may here be indefatigably laborious, not only to keep in good repair our hollowed dome—but be incessantly industrious to adorn it, with the grand theological virtues, faith, hope, and charity; and embellish it with wisdom, strength and beauty.

Volley from the Artillery.

My Dear Brethren,

It would be ungrateful—indeed I think impossible on this occasion not to notice, under the auspices of our most glorious divine providence; the rapidity of the growth of these magnificent buildings, and this extensive city, in so short a period; by the assiduous indefatigable labour and industry, of all those very valuable characters for virtue, honour, understanding and ability, who have had not only the supreme command, but in every grade.

Volley from the Artillery.

Brothers, permit me to suggest to your good understandings, if so much can be done by the local assistance of two fifteenths of these vast States, by such an eminent Leader, excellent Directors, Architects, Surveyors and Mechanics; what ought we to conceive will be done by them, when aided by the remaining thirteen-fifteenths, who will set to with willing and powerful hands, not in a local and sparing, but in an infinite, generous and loving manner. And in addition thereto, an universality of individuals, like innumerable hives of bees bestowing their industrious labour on this second Paradise.

Volley from the Artillery.

Then, my dear Brethren, Architecture, Masonry, Arts and commerce will grow with a rapidity inconceivable to me and therefore incomparable.

Brethren, altho' I have neither wishes nor pretensions to divination, yet I venture to propheoy, from such intuitive sense that all I have suggested to you will soon come to pass. When we shall all, hail Blessed Territory of Columbia—favoured land, soon, very soon indeed, shall the shores of thy peaceful and delightful city, be visited by the commercial interest of the united world, then happy thy sons, and thrice happy those, whose prudence and foresight have induced them to become thy citizens.

Volley from the Artillery.

It must my dear brethren be evident to all our understandings, that not alone Nature, but Providence, hath marked their intentions in the most indeliable manner, to make this the feat for the Grand Mark, the super-excellent emporium for politics, commerce, industry and arts of the United States—seated in the very centricity of our republic—on the banks of one of the noblest rivers in the universe—sufficiently capacious to erect thereon a city equal, if not superior, in magnitude, to any in the world—It boasts, but then very truly—a climate the most serene and salubrious—equal of access from all the cardinal and intermedial points, as any place that kind Nature ever formed, even beyond conception of art—wanting no defence but what is in, and ever will be in, I trust, the intrepidity and bravery of its founder and citizens.

Volley from the Artillery.

Although it is not the growth of, yet there is already planted in this garden or young nursery of the arts, and hath blossomed numerous flowers, that bloom with high lustre in their various departments, (not to mention its ever to be revered founder) but its finances, conductors, projectors, delineators, and executive geniuses without number, and many of them not only brethren of our order, but brothers of superior-excellent and sublime estimation.

Volley from the Artillery.

Certainly my dear brethren, it must be as grateful to you as it is to me, to possess the great pleasure of laying this corner stone, which we hope, expect, and sincerely pray to produce innumerable corner stones, and that on every one of them, may spring immense edifices. We fervently pray to the Great Grand Master of heaven, earth, and all things, of his infinite wisdom, strength, goodness, and mercy, to grant. So may it be.

The prayer was succeeded by masonic chanting, honour, and a fifteenth volley from the artillery.

The whole company retired to an extensive booth, where an ox of 500 lbs. weight was barbacued, of which the company generally partook, with every abundance of other recreation. The festival concluded with fifteen successive vollies from the artillery, whose militia discipline and manœuvres, merit every commendation.

Before dark the company departed, with joyful hopes of the production of their labour.

From this time, continues Kate Field's history, I believe Mr. Hoban had charge of the work until two years after the completion of the north wing, of which Congress took possession November 17, 1800. In 1802 Benjamin Henry Latrobe, a Frenchman, was given full power by the commissioners to complete the Capitol. By 1811 he did finish both wings—I had forgotten to say that his first official act was to demolish nearly all of the completed north wing—but as Congress had failed to back up the authority of the commissioners with the necessary funds, he was unable to go on with the central structure. In August of 1814, when the Capitol was burned by the British, the two wings were connected by a wooden bridge. The unwelcome visitors piled the rooms full of cordwood, desks and chairs, saturated the wood with inflammable stuffs and then set fire to the mass. However, we have to thank the British and their fire for much of the beauty and stability of the present Capitol building. The sandstone and freestone columns which the flames had injured were replaced by pillars of marble, and wherever possible in making repairs stone and iron were substituted for wood and brick.

In 1814 Congress gave Architect Latrobe the money as well as the authority to finish the building, and for three years he labored busily and successfully. Marble was brought from Maryland and Virginia, sculptors came over from Italy to do the carving. Under Latrobe's direction the old Senate Chamber and Hall of Representatives—now Statuary Hall—were finished. Having done this much, he resigned and was succeeded in 1817 by Charles Bulfinch a Boston architect, who had the good sense to carry out his predecessor's plans. Ten years later Mr. Bulfinch reported the completion of the building. At that time the Capitol was substantially the present central building minus the new House and Senate wings, only the dome was flatter.

The building remained pretty much in this state, barring a few internal changes and repairs, until 1851 when it became evident that more room must be had, and plans for the new Senate and House extensions were prepared by Architect Robert Mills. The work was hastened a little, perhaps, by the fire in December of that year which destroyed the Library of Congress. Thomas U. Walters of Philadelphia was the artist who designed and constructed the dome and, I believe, had charge also of the new wings. These additions with the magnificent porticos and entrances were not finally completed until 1867.

In former years it was the custom to get Congress to authorize a piece of work by underestimating its cost. When the plans were submitted in 1851 for the new wings, the accompanying estimate called for the appropriation of $2,075,000, which was made. The time allowed for the completion of the work was five years. It took fully sixteen years to do it, and cost eight million dollars. Another illustration of the old method of doing business is to be found in the construction of the dome. One hundred thousand dollars was the sum first appropriated for this purpose; it took all of that to remove the old dome, and $1,150,000 more was expended in replacing it with the present structure. Mr. Edward Clark, the present architect of the Capitol, reckons the total cost of the building and grounds as follows:

Old Capitol	$2,750,000
Enlargement of site	685,000
Renewal after British invasion	700,000
New dome	1,250,000
Senate and House wings	8,000,000
Works of art	1,400,000
Furnishings	2,750,000
New terrace and approaches	1,200,000
Improvements of grounds	500,000
Total	$19,235,000

Up to 1880 it had been confidently expected that the Capitol would be the centre of civilization hereabouts, and that most of the city's early growth would be to the east of the beautiful building. For some reason these expectations were never fulfilled, and the Capitol finally had to have a new front door on the west to relieve its unfinished outlook toward the most populous part of the city. The construction of these fine white marble terraces occupied the nine years between 1882 and 1891, the work being done under the direction of Architect Clark.

Meanwhile, the park surrounding the Capitol had been artistically laid out by Frederick Law Olmstead of New York. This work was begun, I believe, in 1878, and Mr. Clark estimates its cost at five hundred thousand dollars. The park is surrounded by a granite coping, but the drives and pathways give easy access to the building, while the luxuriant masses of foliage veil the structure without hiding it from view. History says that President Washington planted several trees in the grounds about the Capitol. They were all elms, I believe—no one chronicles the planting of a single cherry tree. All but one of these trees had to be sacrificed to the work of Mr. Olmstead, but that one still stands at the north side of the east park facing the Senate entrance to the Capitol.

At the time when the other tree or trees were sacrificed, Captain Smith, superintendent of the Botanical Gardens, had a number of live roots extracted, and from these he has grown what he calls genuine heirs of the original George Washington elms. One of these young trees stand in the Botanical Gardens, one has gone to Philadelphia, a third to Kentucky, a fourth to California, while the other two remain in Washington. If I remember rightly one of the last two shades the Washington residence of Bourke Cockran, while the other remains in the Botanical Gardens to be sent for by Alexander Shepherd when he is ready to plant it.

The program for the centennial celebration on September 18 is to include a parade participated in by the President and his Cabinet, the Senate and House of Representatives, the Supreme Court, Masonic orders, civic organizations and detachments of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps. There will be an address by President Cleveland and several other commemorative orations. Historical representations and spectacular displays, balloon ascensions, music, illuminations and fireworks will enliven the occasion, but so far apparently no one has thought of a barbecue in imitation of the original festival one hundred years ago.

Oblivious to All but Love.

It was night. The strains of a waltz from the pavilion and the shuffling feet of the merry dancers could be heard on the beach close by. To the left of the dancing platform a long stretch of land lay, dotted here and there with benches for the tired dancers.

On the bench close to the water edge sat a couple closely folded in each other's arms. Oblivious to all around they told each other of their love, and now and then the soft sound made by a kiss could be heard echoing over the waters.

Time passed by, and still they sat, caring little for the fleeting hours, until finally the girl, placing a tender caress on her companion's cheek, murmured, "Kerrie, dear, my feet are getting cold."

"So are mine, sweetheart," was the soothing reply, and a soft kiss was imprinted on her cherry lips.

Still they sat on listening to the murmer of the waves and the echo of the music, when the girl giving a last fond embrace, murmured again, "Darling, I can't stand it any longer, my feet are so cold."

They arose, and the man's heart smote him as he realized what was the matter. The flowing tide had come in passing far beyond the bench and they had to wade out through three inches of water.

"Say," said a well-known professional gentleman to a scribe on George street Saturday afternoon, "here is an item for your paper. What is the cheapest part of your face?" The pencil pusher answered that he judged a person's mouth was by the free use he made of his tongue. "No," rejoined the propounder of the conundrum with a smile, "your nostrils are." "How do you make that out?" was the query. "Oh, easy enough" was the reply, "they are two for a scent."

There has been considerable discussion as to who invented spectacles and who had the pleasure of wearing the first pair. The honor is generally awarded to an Italian named Salvino Armati, who died in 1317.

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The above companies in addition to those already represented by me, enable me to write for any amount desired at the lowest rates, and the high standing and character of the companies offer the strongest indemnity against fire.

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American Ins. Co. of Philadelphia	2,301.8
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Imperial Ins. Co. of London	3,727,000
Guardian Ins. Co. of London	1,855,196
Providence Washington Ins. Co. of Providence	363,421
British American Ins. Co. of Toronto	807,448
Phenix Ins. Co. of Brooklyn	5,383,171
Queen Ins. Co. of London	7,976,091
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Beecham's Pills
(Tasteless)

will frequently prove as effective as a doctor's prescription.

39

Bits of Information.

London has 60,000 telephones.

Nutmegs are very strong narcotics.

The World's fair has two miles of lunch counters.

As a rule women have better eyesight than men.

Geese in migrating often travel over 6,000 miles.

The first almanac was printed in Hungary in 1470.

The father of Bairy, the historical painter, was a sailor.

The will-o' the-wisp is caused by the decay of vegetable matter.

In northern Siberia the ground is frozen to a depth of 600 feet.

Queen Victoria has about 40 pet dogs. Her greatest favorites are collies.

The catacombs of Rome contain the remains of about 6,000,000 people.

Cattle were introduced into Virginia in 1609, into New England in 1624.

The father of Thackeray was a clerk in the service of the East India company.

Try equal parts of ammonia and turpentine for removing paint, then wash in suds.

The cuckoo never makes a nest, but lays a solitary egg in the nest of some other bird.

The most intricate piece of clockwork in the world is the great astronomical clock at Strasburg.

As early as the year 780 A. D. a duty was levied on tea that grew wild in the Chinese mountains.

Winkelman, the German philosopher, was the son of a shoemaker and himself worked at the bench.

The oldest statue in the world is of the shiek of an Egyptian village. It is believed to be not less than 6000 years old.

The costliest fur known is that of the black fox of Kamschatka. A single skin of one of these rare animals is sometimes valued at $1000.

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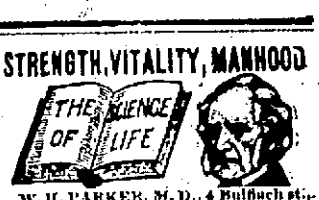
STRENGTH, VITALITY, MANHOOD



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9-2

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115,500	ROLLED GOLD WATCH CHARM ROTARY TELESCOPE TOOTH PICKS	57,750 00
115,500	LARGE PICTURES (11x28 inches) IN ELEVEN COLORS, for framing, no advertising on them	28,875 00
261,030	PRIZES, AMOUNTING TO	$173,250 00

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We will distribute 226 of these prizes in **this county** as follows:

To THE PARTY sending us the greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS from **this county** we will give ..... 1 GOLD WATCH
To the FIVE PARTIES sending us the next greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS, we will give to each, 1 OPERA GLASS ..... 5 OPERA GLASSES
To the TWENTY PARTIES sending us the next greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS, we will give to each 1 POCKET KNIFE ..... 20 POCKET KNIVES
To the ONE HUNDRED PARTIES sending us the next greatest number of SPEAR HEAD TAGS, we will give to each 1 ROLLED GOLD WATCH CHARM TOOTH PICK ..... 100 TOOTH PICKS
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Plans and Estimates furnished on application. General Jobbing, Mason, Tile and Stucco Work executed with dispatch.

Shop 63 Mill St. P. O. Box 181. 8-14 Office 70 Pelham St. Residence 106 Church St.

ORANGES,
DATES,
FIGS.
Nuts,

At the very lowest possible prices.
Also

Canaries

—AND—

Brass Cages.

W. F. Williamson,

296 Thames Street.

Special Bargains.

A large lot of

Odd Sized Picture Frames and Framed Pictures.

Very cheap to make room for Christmas Goods soon to arrive.

W. H. ARNOLD,
12 Broadway.

Furniture.

A NEW LINE OF

CARPETS

—AT—

M. Cottrell's.

NEW STYLES IN

Chamber Furniture.

NEW LINE OF

PAPER HANGINGS

Furniture of all Descriptions, Carpets, Oil Cloths and Mattings.

M. COTTRELL,

COTTRELL BLOCK,

11-16 Next to the Post Office.

CLOSING OUT

SPRING STOCK

at a discount.

Great bargains in

Baby Carriages

—AT—

Bryer's
Furniture Rooms,

156 THAMES STREET.

Chamber Suits,
Mattresses,
Feather Pillows,

J. W. HORTON & CO.'S,

42 CHURCH ST.

UPHOLSTERING

—AND—

MATTRESS WORK,

in all its branches.

New Carpets

AND—

Wall Papers.

We are daily receiving new carpets and wall papers and are prepared to show a fine line of

New Patterns.

Prices as low as Anywhere.

W. C. Cozzens & Co.,

138 Thames St.

Grapes

Tons of CONCORD and CATAWBA Grapes at Lowest Prices

—AT—

T. E. Sherman,

122 BROADWAY.

PURE BLOOD.

"Long Life and Good Health" In Kickapoo Sagwa.

Take Nature's Remedy Now.

All Persons Suffering from the Impurities of the Blood are Ready Prey of Epidemical Malarial Fevers and all Forms of Prostration.—Kickapoo Indian Sagwa is the Safest, Best and Most Reliable Blood Remedy Made.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa will cure all troubles originating in impure blood, safely, speedily, permanently, and with economy. Impure blood is manifest in Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Carbuncles, Eruptions or Sores, Sallow Skin, Salt Rheum, Etc.

The only way in which to alter this state of things is to Cleanse the Blood from all Impurities and allow a Free, Unobstructed Circulation Through Every Vein and Artery of the Body.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa as a *Blood making, Blood-cleansing and Life-sustaining* medicine has eclipsed any blood purifier yet produced.

"Indians Gathering Roots, Herbs and Barks for Kickapoo Indian Sagwa."

Of all races in the world the Indians stand pre-eminent for their longevity and health. Why is it? Listen! If perchance sickness attacks them, no Poisonous Drugs are resorted to, nothing but nature is consulted and nature's gifts appropriated to their cure. The best and most reliable of roots, herbs, barks and gums constitute their medicines—hence the Indian's noble physique, pure blood, high muscular development, strong frame, and sound lungs.

Scrofula Cured By Sagwa.

WINCHESTER, N. H., March 17, 1892.
For the past 25 years I have been terribly afflicted with Scrofula, and have tried everything there was in the market, but could get no relief. A year ago I purchased six bottles of the Kickapoo Indian Sagwa, and by its use was completely cured, and the entire poison was eliminated from my system. I always keep it in the house, and my wife and myself both take it whenever we feel the least bit "run down." I would rather pay $5 a bottle for Kickapoo Indian Sagwa than to be without it.
CHARLES D. SEAVER.

SUFFERED FOUR YEARS.
Doctors Powerless—Kickapoo Indian Sagwa Cures.

MERIDEN, N. H., Dec. 3, 1892.
I have been a constant sufferer from blood and skin diseases for four years, and employed the best medical skill obtainable in this state, besides trying the Boston doctors. Kickapoo Indian Sagwa afforded me more relief in two weeks than all the different physicians in four years, and today I am a well man, thanks to this splendid medicine.
JOHN H. MOORE.

Kickapoo Indian Sagwa,

made by the Indians from roots, barks and herbs of their own gathering and curing, is obtainable of any druggist, at

$1 per Bottle, Six Bottles for $5.

Koal-spar
TRADE MARK

FACTS!

11th. Koal-spar will make a poor quality of coal do the service of the first quality.

12th. Koal-spar saves **25%** of your Coal Bill

One package of Koal-spar costing **25 cents**, saves one quarter ton of coal, hard or soft.

Descriptive Circulars Free to Consumers.

IF your grocer does not keep it, send us his name and address on a postal card, and we will see that it is placed within your reach.

THE KOAL-SPAR CO.,
51 Summer Street, Boston, Mass.

JAMES A. RANDALL.
General Agent, 125 Spring St., Newport, RI

RIVER INHABITANTS.

A FLOATING VILLAGE WHERE PEOPLE PASS THEIR LIVES.

A Wandering Settlement of Strange Folks Who Make Their Homes on One of the Tributaries of the Mississippi—They Pay No Rent and Spend Little.

Up where Wolf river, treacherous and insatiate as the animal for which it is named, empties its yellow waters into the great flood of the Mississippi, is a cluster of odd looking craft, half house, half boat, that lie moored to the bank and form a part of a great floating suburb of Memphis, of whose existence the average citizen is totally unaware. Nevertheless, strange as it may seem, the inhabitants of this floating village are born, live, marry and die in their movable homes in much the same manner as people in similar walks of life whose houses have a firmer foundation, and, stranger still, they like their river life and would be extremely loath to give it up.

Who they are and where they came from, whither they go and how they live, were questions that aroused the curiosity of the writer and induced him to make a tour of inquiry among the houseboats, as they are called.

These are of all shapes and sizes, from the more pretentious home of the well to do shipbuilder to the humble abode of the itinerant fisherman. Some of them are named and some are not. Many are neatly painted and show glimpses of interiors in which lace curtains, carpets and pictures combine to make not inharmonious settings. Social lines are not very tightly drawn in the village of the houseboats, and the homes of whites and blacks lie mixed indiscriminately, without regard to race, color or previous condition of servitude.

Wanderers by nature, the term water gypsies may be applied not inaptly to the inhabitants of the village. It is not to be wondered at therefore that the colony is by no means composed of those who are to the manner born. On the contrary, it is made up of representatives from nearly all of the twenty odd states that are drained by the Mississippi or its tributaries. Were a census of the floating village taken tomorrow it would show some interesting statistics concerning the birthplaces of its inhabitants. Here one can find a man who has drifted down from the Black Hills of Montana side by side with a native of Pittsburg or Cincinnati, while their next neighbor may be from St. Paul or Knoxville.

From far up the Missouri, the Mississippi, the Ohio and the Tennessee rivers they come, resting here like birds of passage for a time, till, moving ever southward with the current, they become merged with the cosmopolitan population of the Crescent City, hundreds of miles below, even as the waters of the Mississippi become lost in the great Gulf of Mexico.

There is but little doubt that the dweller in the Mississippi houseboat has successfully solved the problem of living on next to nothing. Believing that the river is free, and that it owes him a living, the waif of the father of waters does not find it very difficult to collect the debt. Just what the ice fields are to the Eskimo, the desert to the Arab, the plains to the Indian, the river is to him. It is at once his place of abode and his means of support. Landlords, or, more properly speaking, waterlords, are unknown to him, and rent day, that nightmare of the poor, is fraught with no terrors to his mind, because he pays no rent.

The law provides that any one mooring a boat to the bank of a river is subject to a rental at the option of the owner, but in the case of the houseboat dweller this is rarely enforced. For fuel he catches the driftwood brought down by the river or gathers that which accumulates along the bank. His principal article of food is fish, for which he turns once more to the river, and from its yellow bosom draws the juicy catfish, the buffalo, the perch and innumerable other varieties that abound therein.

Only his clothes and a few other bare necessaries of life are not supplied by the river, and the means to obtain these is readily secured by the thousand pursuits open to the sturdy longshoreman. Scattered among the houseboat colony are here and there a family who have virtually taken to the river out of necessity. These are refugees from the flooded districts of the upper Missisippi, who have been rendered homeless by freshets.

Ruined by the encroachment of the river, they have collected such of their effects as the waters left and embarked on a hastily constructed craft, built as likely as not from the debris of their former homes.—Memphis Appeal-Avalanche.

The Record of Pigeon Flights.

Major Allatt warns us against some stories regarding long flights by trained pigeons which have been put forth on high authority. It was at his suggestion that an apocryphal tale of pigeons sent out to and returning from the arctic regions, which has even been imposed upon Yarrell, was expunged from the last edition of that writer's "British Birds." An equally false account of a pigeon flying 1,500 miles in America is also extant.

Major Allatt believes the greatest distance pigeons have flown of which we have any accurate record is in the races which have taken place two or three times from Rome to Belgium, a distance of between 800 and 900 miles. But in every one of these cases a very large proportion of birds have been lost.—London News

Chinese and the Telephone.

According to a telephone authority, the easiest language for telephoning is Chinese. It is principally monosyllables, and is made up of simple rising and falling inflections. German, it seems, is not as bad a language for telephoning as might be thought. French is not bad, but it is almost as sibilant as English.—Yankee Blade.

Until the reign of Queen Anne an English army officer was liable to have his tongue bored through with a hot iron for blasphemy.

The sultan has a right royal terror of smallpox, and he is very particular to have the household thoroughly vaccinated.

HILL'S

REMEMBER WE GUARANTEE A CURE and invite the most careful investigation as to our responsibility and the merits of our Tablets.

READ OUR TESTIMONIALS

Double Chloride of Gold Tablets

Will completely destroy the desire for TOBACCO in from 3 to 5 days. Perfectly harmless; cause no sickness, and may be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the patient, who will voluntarily stop smoking or chewing in a few days.

DRUNKENNESS and MORPHINE HABIT can be cured at home, and without any effort on the part of the patient, by the use of our **SPECIAL FORMULA GOLD CURE TABLETS.**

During treatment patients are allowed the free use of Liquor or Morphine until such time as they shall voluntarily give them up.

We send particulars and pamphlet of testimonials free, and shall be glad to place sufferers from any of these habits in communication with persons who have been cured by the use of our TABLETS.

HILL'S TABLETS are for sale by all FIRST-CLASS druggists at **$1.00** per package.

If your druggist does not keep them, enclose us **$1.00** and we will send you, by return mail, a package of our Tablets.

Write your name and address plainly, and state whether Tablets are for Tobacco, Morphine or Liquor Habit.

DO NOT BE DECEIVED into purchasing any of the various nostrums that are being offered for sale. Ask for **HILL'S TABLETS** and take no other.

Manufactured only by

—THE—

OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,
51, 53 & 55 Opera Block,
LIMA, OHIO.

PARTICULARS FREE.

TOBACCO HABIT EASILY CURED.

A FEW Testimonials from persons who have been cured by the use of Hill's Tablets.

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:
DEAR SIR:—I have been using your cure for tobacco habit, and found it would do what you claim for it. I used ten cents worth of the strongest chewing tobacco a day, and from one to five cigars; or I would smoke from ten to forty pipes of tobacco. Have chewed and smoked for twenty-five years, and two packages of your Tablets cured me so I have no desire for it.
B. M. JAYLORD, Leslie, Mich.

DOBBS FERRY, N. Y.
THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:—GENTLEMEN:—Some time ago I sent for $1.00 worth of your Tablets for Tobacco Habit. I received them all right and, although I was both a heavy smoker and chewer, they did the work in less than three days. I am cured.
Truly yours, MATHEW JOHNSON, P. O. Box 45.

PITTSBURGH, PA.
THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.:—GENTLEMEN:—It gives me pleasure to speak a word of praise for your Tablets. My son was strongly addicted to the use of liquor, and through a friend, I was led to try your Tablets. He was a heavy and constant drinker, but after using your Tablets but three days he quit drinking, and will not touch liquor of any kind. I have waited four month before writing you, in order to know the cure was permanent. Yours truly,
MRS. HELEN MORRISON.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.
THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO:—GENTLEMEN:—Your Tablets have performed a miracle in my case. I have used morphine, hypodermically, for seven years, and have been cured by the use of two packages of your Tablets, and without any effort on my part.
W. L. LOTEGAY.

Address all Orders to

THE OHIO CHEMICAL CO.,
51, 53 and 55 Opera Block, LIMA, OHIO.

RESPONSIBLE AGENTS WANTED

(In writing please mention this paper.)

Burros.

Donkey is, in Spanish, burro. In Texas, New Mexico, Colorado, and in Arizona, where the donkey is as well known as the horse, he is always called by his Spanish name, on account of the fact that this section of the United States so recently belonged to the Mexicans, who, as everybody knows, talk that language. The Spaniards and Mexicans also apply the term "burro" to a stupid or ignorant person, just as English-speaking races use the word "donkey."

The donkeys found in Kentucky and Missouri are probably the largest of their race, because they are carefully bred and looked after. But the donkey of the West—the burro—has no "blood," no pedigree. Like Topsy, he "just growed." With ancestors no better off than himself, he has been kicked and cuffed and overworked all his life, and left to pick up his living as he could. In consequence he is stupid and lazy and stubborn and dwarfed.

And yet, for all that, he is patient and long suffering, will grow fat on rations that would scarcely keep a nobler animal from starvation, and is a most valuable aid to the progress of industry and civilization in the West.—[September St. Nicholas.

During the six months ending July 1 there were 3,833,015 pounds of meat, fish, fruit and vegetables destroyed by the health department of the city of New York.

It is estimated that if there is no war and the present armed peace continues, Europe will have standing armies aggregating over 22,000,000 soldiers by the close of the century.

The total receipts of the New York postoffice for the fiscal year ending June 30 were $7,360,200.52, an increase over the preceding year of nearly $600,000.

Sufferers from dyspepsia have only themselves to blame if they fail to test the wonderful curative qualities of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. In purifying the blood, this medicine strengthens every organ of the body, and even the most abused stomach is soon restored to healthy action.

Two postoffices in North Carolina are respectively named "Joy" and "Worry."

Ayer's Pills regulate the liver, strengthen the stomach, and cleanse the bowels.

The first illustrated Bible ever published was the Nuremburg Bible printed in 1483.

If the hair is falling out and turning gray, the glands of the skin need stimulating and color-food, and the best remedy and stimulant is Hall's Hair Renewer.

By a surgical operation at Rochester, N. Y., a finger has been substituted for a nose upon Fred Darcey.

USE HOWLER'S COCOA for Breakfast and Supper, pure and healthful, and their FAMILY CHOCOLATE for drinking and cooking, cakes, puddings, creams, etc.

DRUNKENNESS—LIQUOR HABIT—In all the world there is but one cure, Dr. Haines' Golden Specific.

It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the Golden Specific in their coffee without their knowledge, and today believe that they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence, GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., 185 Race Street, Cincinnati, O. 4-2-1m

A Wonder Worker.

Mr. Frank Huffman, a young man of Burlington, Ohio, states that he had been under the care of two prominent physicians and used their treatment until he was not able to get around. They pronounced his case to be Consumption and incurable. He was persuaded to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, and at that time was not able to walk across the street without resting. He found, before he had used half of a dollar bottle, that he was much better; he continued to use it, and to-day he is enjoying good health. If you have any Throat, Lung or Chest Trouble, try it. We guarantee satisfaction. Trial bottles free at Chas. M. Cole's drug store.

Johnny—"I tell you papa's going to catch it after the company is gone."

Tommy—"How do you know?"

Johnny—"He's told her once or twice she was mistaken about something and she said: "Why, Darling!"

Jinks—I can't understand how shipwrecked sailors ever starve to death.

Filkins—Why not?

Jinks—Because I just came over from Liverpool, and I never once felt the least desire to eat.

Agleigh—"I wonder why it is there are so many weddings take place in the autumn?"

Wagleigh—"Traditional custom. Adam and Eve were married round about the fall.

Two soldiers lay under their blankets looking up at the stars. Says Jack, "What made you go into the army, Tom?" "Well," replied Tom, "I had no wife and I loved war, Jack, so I went." "What made you go?" "Well," returned Jack, I had a wife and I loved peace, Tom, so I went."

Antique Maiden—"I am sorry that I must refuse your offer. I am sure I never intended to encourage you. I should have thought that you might have read that much in my face."

The Rejected—"I am not very expert at reading between the lines."

A passenger getting into a street car says to the conductor, with a haughty and imperious air: "I wish to stop at 700 Boulevard—."

"Is there a porte-cochere?" asks the conductor humbly.

"No," says the astonished passenger.

"That is a pity," says the conductor; "the car should have driven under it."

A Valuable World's Fair Book.

The Passenger Department of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company has prepared for general distribution a handsome pamphlet descriptive of the scenic and other attractive features of that road from New York to Chicago. This book should prove invaluable to those visiting the World's Fair. In its artistic cover, illustrations and reading matter, it is fully up to the high standard which has been fixed by the B. & O. for publications of this character. The scenery en route, which has gained for the B. & O. the richly deserved sobriquet of "Picturesque," the public buildings at Washington, old Harper's Ferry, Luray Caverns, and other attractive points are faithfully portrayed. The value of the publication is increased by descriptions and illustrations of the principal buildings at the World's Fair. This book can be procured free of charge upon personal application to ticket agents, B. & O. R. R. Co., or you can have it mailed to you by sending name and address with five cents in stamps to Chas. O. Scull, General Passenger Agent, Baltimore, Md. World's Fair tourists should bear in mind that the B. & O. is selling tickets at very low rates good going via Washington and returning via Niagara Falls.

The "Gospel Chariots" at the World's Fair.

While the Fair lasts Washington will have to yield to it the title of "City of Magnificent Distances." One does not realize how much physical exertion sight-seeing requires, until one has spent a day at the Fair. You are so occupied with looking at things that your fatigue does not find a chance to make itself felt until you turn homeward. Then you begin to wonder if you have any legs left. For this reason the wheel-chairs pushed by intelligent beings clad in sky-blue with white piping are a boon. You can "do" the Fair comfortably and systematically, and if you happen to have the same cicerone several days in succession he is apt to become *en rapport* with you, divining your tastes, and pushing you whither these would lead you. Many of the gracious pushers are theological students, a fact which has gradually fastened upon these chairs the appellation of "gospel chariots." The late Mr. Cook, in the earlier days of his efforts to excite the migratory propensities of the human race, was wont to add to his circulars the announcement that "a number of marriages had been among the results of these tours." From what I have observed, I incline to think that several of the "gospel chariot" excursions will lead to equally felicitous results.—[From "Sights at the Fair," in the September Century.

FOUND DEAD.

Last evening a person giving the name of G. H. Thompson registered at Hunt's Hotel, and desired to be called in season to take the 12 P. M. train for Chicago. Being unable to awaken him, the room was entered by means of the ventilator over the door, when the gentleman was found to be dead. He was advertising agent for Sulphur Bitters, which has an extensive sale. The coroner returned a verdict of death from heart disease. His body will be sent east immediately.—Cin. Commercial.

Man's religious instincts are as distinctly phenomena for science to deal with as are the instincts of animals. They deserve and admit of scientific treatment.

If you had taken two of Carter's Little Liver Pills before retiring you would not have had that coated tongue or bad taste in the mouth this morning. Keep a vial with you for occasional use.

There are three harvests a year in some parts of India.

Are free from all crude and irritating matter. Concentrated medicine only. Carter's Little Liver Pills. Very small; very easy to take; no pain; no griping; no purging. Try them.

Peaches, called Persian apples, were known in Europe before the Christian era.

Smart Weed and Belladonna combined with the other ingredients used in the best porous plasters, make Carter's S. W. & B. Backache Plasters the best in the market. Price 25 cents.

Macaroni is one of the things those who are fighting obesity should eschew.

A man's wife should always be the same, especially to her husband, but if she is weak and nervous, and uses Carter's Iron Pills, she cannot be, for they make her "feel like a different person," at least as they all say, and their husbands say so too. Carter's Iron Pills equalize the circulation, remove nervousness and give strength and rest. Try them.

Texas has a town named "Jonah."

MY WIFE SAID

to me last night: "How much do you suppose we have paid out for doctors and medicine in the last year?" I told her I did not know. "To doctors I have paid nothing, and five dollars' worth of Sulphur Bitters has kept health in our family.
L. ANDREWS, 13 Bowdoin street, Boston.

Oranges are grown in every continent of the world.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise.—A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will relieve Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum, and other affections caused by impure blood.—Will drive Malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all Malarial Fevers.—For cure of Headache, Constipation and Indigestion, try Electric Bitters. Entire satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Price 50c. and $1.00 per bottle at Charles M. Cole's, druggist.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Chas. M. Cole.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. If disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW SOOTHING SYRUP."

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

NOTICE.—Pronounce the word "Hough" as if spelled "Huf" when calling for Dr. Hough's Cough and Lung Balsam. Cures coughs, colds, croup or whooping cough. Try it. All medicine dealers sell it.

No House Complete

without its bottle of SOZODONT. As a mouth wash it is most sanative; as a toilet article a luxury, and its regular use from early youth to old age, would tend to secure and maintain beautiful and healthy teeth. It is also most economical, as a few drops upon the brush is all that is needed for efficacy and pleasure.

SPALDING'S GLUE spilt on a chair, will prevent a man who sits down on it, from getting up easily.

There is a Japanese student, a bright fellow of 18 years, in the third year at the United States Naval Academy.

Prof. Lippman has succeeded in photographing simultaneously all the colors of the rainbow on a layer of albumen.

Montana is larger than New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York and Pennsylvania put together.

From the American aloe tree are made thread, needles, ropes, cables, paper, clothing, soap, sugar and brandy.

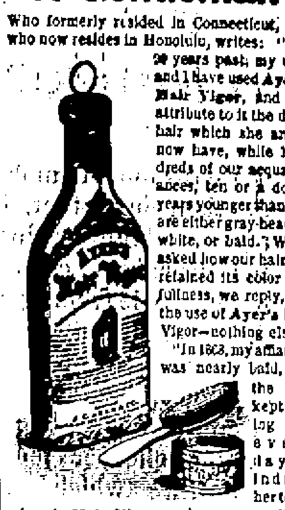
The section of a tree, shown by its circles to be 401 years old—a sapling when Columbus landed—is in the forestry section of the Government building at Chicago.

The first bank in the United States was the Bank of North America, chartered by Congress in 1780, by the State of Pennsylvania in the following year, with a capital of $1,000,000.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

A Gentleman

Who formerly resided in Connecticut, but who now resides in Honolulu, writes: "For 20 years past, my wife and I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor, and we attribute to it the dark hair which she and I now have, while hundreds of our acquaintances, ten or a dozen years younger than we, are either gray-headed, white, or bald. When asked how our hair has retained its color and fullness, we reply, 'By the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor—nothing else.'



"In 1868, my affianced was nearly bald, and the hair kept falling out every day. I induced her to use Ayer's Hair Vigor, and very soon, it not only checked any further loss of hair, but produced an entirely new growth, which has remained luxuriant and glossy to this day. I can recommend this preparation to all in need of a genuine hair-restorer. It is all that it is claimed to be."—Antonio Alarrun, Bastrop, Tex.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

CHAS. P. AUSTIN,

Stone Cutter, Monumental and Building Work,

cor. FAREWELL & WALNUT Sts.

NEWPORT, R. I.

NEWPORT STONE WORKS,

H. G. BURNS, Prop'r.

GRANITE WORK

of every description, including all kinds of

BUILDING & MONUMENTAL WORK.

A good stock of BLUE STONE, constantly on hand.

42 Long Whf., foot Whittier Ave.,
NEWPORT, R. I.

HERBS.

All kinds of herbs in general use are kept on sale at the

Enterprise Store,

No. 64 Thames St.,

in quantities from one ounce upwards, and any not in stock will be procured at short notice.

N. B.—These have been selected with great care by experienced herbalists, and all are warranted.
5-27-tf B. W. PEARCE.

E. B. HARRINGTON

—HAVING—

Purchased Controlling Interest

—IN THE—

NEWPORT

Transfer Express Company

Desires to call attention of the public to unequalled facilities for local express business. This company has the

Exclusive Privilege

of collecting checks, for delivery of baggage on all trains and steamers arriving in Newport.

—ALSO OF—

CHECKING BAGGAGE

—AT THE—

RESIDENCE to DESTINATION.

Also has desirable storage warerooms at reasonable rates.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, 30 Bellevue Ave.

Branch Offices, 272 Thames Street, N. Y. Freight Depot, F. R. Line.
Newport, R. I., June 1st, 1891. 54-m

Water.

ALL PERSONS, desirous of having water introduced into their residences or places of business, should make application at the office, Marlboro' Street, near Thames.

Office Hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

WM. S. SLOCUM, Treasurer.

Flagg's Bargain Store,

12 Franklin St.,

(Opposite Post Office)

TIN WARE PRICES.

Ten Quart Dish Pans, 25c; Sheet Iron Dripping Pans, 10c. and 20c; Sauce Pans, 10c., 15c. and 18c; Stew Pans, 5c., 10c., 15c. and 20c; Wash Basins, 8c; Silverice Trays, 5c; Dover Egg Beaters, 10c; Colanders, 15c; Preserving Kettles, 10c; Tin Strainers, 10c; Soda Dippers, long and short handles, 15c; Ladle Dippers and Pot Covers, 5c; Tea and Coffee Strainers, 3c. and 5c; Basting Spoons, 5c; Sewing Machine Oil and Oilers, 5c. each; 3-Prong Towel Racks, 5c; Clothes Lines, 10c. and 15c; Wooden Spoons, 5c; Four Hook Coat Racks, 5c; Tin Tea Kettles, 25c; Three Papers Tins for 5c; Broilers, 5c; Crumb Tray and Brush, 25c; Wooden Rim Sieves, 10c; Maple Chair Seats, 5c; Coffee Pots, 10c. to 25c.

Also Masons' and Carpenters' tools and other goods at rock bottom prices.

A Matter of Health

IT costs more to make Royal Baking Powder than any other, because its ingredients are more highly refined and expensive. But the Royal is correspondingly purer and higher in leavening strength, and of greater money value to the consumer. The difference in cost of Royal over the best of the others does not equal the difference in leavening strength, nor make good the inferior work of the cheaper powders, nor remove the impurities which such powders leave in the food.

Where the finest food is required, the Royal Baking Powder only can be used.

Where the question of health is considered, no baking powder but Royal can be used with safety. All others are shown by official analyses to contain lime, ammonia or alum.

PORTSMOUTH.

The Town Council and Court of Probate held its regular session on Monday of this week, in the Town Hall.

PROBATE MATTERS.—John L. Tallman was appointed administrator on the estate of Wm. L. Fish, deceased, and gave bond in the sum of $500. Abner B. Cory and Wm. H. Cory, sureties, Messrs. Lorenzo D. Tallman, Chas. C. Hazard and Joseph G. Dennis appraisers.

An instrument in writing purporting to be the last will and testament, of Edward Anthony, deceased, was received and referred to the second Monday in October with order of notice in the Newport MERCURY.

Mrs. Mary Ann Faulkner was appointed administratrix on the estate of Wm. H. Faulkner, deceased, and gave bond in the sum of $5000, with Edward F. Dyer and Benjamin Tallman sureties, Messrs. Constant C. Chase, Albert Sisson and Edward F. Dyer, appraisers.

COUNCIL MATTERS.—Voted, That an abatement of $12 be and is hereby made on the personal property tax, assessed against H. Anthony Cook in May last. This abatement was recommended by the Board of Assessors.

The sum of $25 was appropriated for repairs on the plank bridge in Willow Lane so called.

The Town Clerk's bond was received and placed in the custody of the Town Treasurer.

The following bills against the town were allowed and ordered paid, viz: Of the following Supervisors of the highways for repairs in their several districts, of Asa B. Anthony in Dist. No. 10, $36.70; of L. D. Tallman, in Dist. No. 1, $13.00; of Frank Slocum, in Dist. No. 9, $17.60; of Philip B. Chase for printing Tax Books, $30; of same for services as Town Clerk to date $17.27; of Wm. T. Harvey, Overseer of the Poor, for assistance to outside poor to date $11; of Wm. F. Brayton for council allowance this session, $2.50, of same for extra session to draw jurors $600.

Mr. and Mrs. Silas H. Manchester, of Providence, spent Sunday at W. H. Gifford's.

Mr. Samuel Sisson, of Fall River, Mass., is making his annual visitation.

Mrs. Charles Horton and Mrs. Leonis Davis of New Bedford, Mass., are visiting their sister, Mrs. Edward A. Coggeshall.

The "Portsmouth Grange," Patrons of Husbandry, will hold its meeting on Tuesday evening of next week instead of Thursday evening.

Miss Mary Chase, daughter of Mr. Isaac Chase, and Miss Fannie Sherman, daughter of Mr. Benjamin C. Sherman, have entered the Normal School, in Providence, to fit themselves to become teachers.

Abner Potter Anthony, and Katie Fales Almy have returned to the Friends School Providence.

Mrs. M. C. Fales has returned to her home in Brookline, Mass.

The grasshoppers are still numerous. They are comparatively a new enemy to the farmers in this locality.

We hear that thirty five thousand dollars have been offered for the celebrated farm of "Vaucluse," but that it is held at the sum of seventy five thousand.

Messrs. Michael and Patrick Murphy of this town and Mr. Dennis Murphy of Middletown have purchased a shed three hundred feet in length, on the land occupied by the Newport Golf Club, and are making preparations for taking down and removing the same.

We have an excellent assortment of the best quality of

FAMILY COAL,

and this is the way we deliver it:

We have also HICKORY, OAK, SOUTHERN and EASTERN PINE WOOD prepared as desired.

Pinniger & Manchester

PERRY MILL WHARF, 341 THAMES STREET

TIVERTON.

The assessors have completed the valuation of taxable property and submit the following figures: Real estate, $1,500,489,00; personal, $840,745; total $2,350,234,00. Compared with last year, there is a gain in real estate of $19,202, in personal estate $5,170. Net gain $20,387. Rate of taxation $7 on $1000.

At a meeting of the Town Council held at the Town Hall, the following persons were drawn to serve as jurors when called upon between now and July 15th, 1894, to the Common pleas Division of the Supreme Court at Newport:

GRAND JURORS.—Henry C. Osborn, Henry A. Durfee, Joseph F. Fish, Peleg B. Manchester, Asa F. Mosher, Edgar E. Fish, Benjamin T. Hart, Ferdinand Durfee.

PETIT JURORS.—Edwin F. Hambly, Charles W. Horsman, Hiram H. Luther, Thomas J. Waite, John Charles Cook, John A. Hart, Thomas Flanagan, Joseph Durfee, Charles A. Hambly, Harry A. Wilcox, Frank E. Almy, Cyrenus B. Wilbor, Daniel S. Church, Robert Shaw, Benjamin F. Hicks, Cyrenus B. Paquin.

Andrew Brown, eldest son of Isaac Brown, colored, died at his home Monday after several weeks illness. Funeral services were held at the Congregational church Thursday at 2 P. M., the Rev. James C. Roberts conducting them. The interment took place at Hillside cemetery.

A large number of summer boarders have returned to their city homes.

Mr. and Mrs. George Gore and daughter Hazel returned to Boston Monday.

Mr. Arthur L. Talbot and Mrs. Marcus M. Wilcox and family of Providence returned Saturday.

Holder Almy of Baltimore, is visiting relatives on Puncatest Neck.

Mr. and Mrs. John C. Seabury of Newport were in town Wednesday.

Capt. and Mrs. Edward Wilcox and son, Harold, were the guests of Fred Wilcox and family a few days this week.

Dartmouth and Westport Grange held their first fair at Codman's Neck this week from Thursday to Saturday.

JAMESTOWN.

This has been quite a busy week here, notwithstanding the lateness of the season. Many of our summer people have discovered that Jamestown has autumn as well as summer charms, and those who have not been compelled to leave on account of schooling for their children are remaining to enjoy those charms. It is just the time for picnics here and numerous such entertainments have been given this week, by Newport visitors as well as by people temporarily domiciled here.

The Princeton football players at Gould Island gave a clambake Tuesday to which many of our people were invited, and on the same day there was a merry party of picnicers at the Dumplings from Newport, Miss Jones, whose summer villa is on Ochre Point, being the hostess. On Monday a party of eleven enjoyed a picnic at West Quaque Beach.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Peckham and Master Preston Peckham have gone to Chicago for a visit to the World's Fair.

The Gardner House gave the last of its series of delightful weekly hops last Saturday night.

The driving from Newport to Narragansett, via this island, which has been so popular during the past four months, can't last much longer, as on the 20th inst., the west Ferry boat will be withdrawn for the season.

The handsome boat Gadfly, formerly owned by Mr. Hemingway of Newport, has now become the property of Dr. Henry J. Rhett.

Mr. E. A. Poe of Baltimore, who has been a guest at the Gardner House, will spend the winter in European travel as companion and instructor to Mr. Hamilton, of Philadelphia.

When the steamer Massachusetts arrives at the Old Colony repair shops at Newport, where she is to receive her new shaft, there will then be up there, says Providence Journal, three huge passenger steamers, Pilgrim, Providence, Massachusetts, and three freight steamers, City of Brockton, City of New Bedford and City of Fitchburg, a most unusual fleet, which will occupy all the available dock room excepting the head of the north dock, which will have to remain free to permit of the landing of the regular boats. The Plymouth now overreaches her dock and extends well into the harbor.

CLUB WAS SPLINTERED.

Richard Wheeler Dies From the Effects of a Terrible Beating.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 11.—Richard Wheeler, aged 35, a well-known negro character of Hatfield, died in that town yesterday as the result of a murderous attack made upon him a week ago by his uncle, Jared Remington. The neighborhood is known by Hatfield people as "Coonville," and is on the road to Northampton, near the Methodist camp grounds. Remington is charged with the murder.

Richard, the dead man; Henry, his brother, about 44, and Mary, his sister, about 47, lived in an old hut in a squalid manner. They were all given to drinking whisky, and this is given as the primary cause of the murder. Remington says he quarrelled with Wheeler, who followed him with a club and struck him. Remington seized the club and pounded his assailant. The blows were so severe that the weapon was splintered. Medical Examiner Seymour, who viewed the body, thinks the man had been dead 24 hours. This is the third murder in the little locality.

When the body was buried yesterday a skull was found unearthed by the gravediggers. Near it was a piece of a coffin with the inscription, "J. R., A. D. '57," which no one understands.

CARDS AND LIQUOR.

Circumstances Point to Foul Play In the Blenn Case.

GARDINER, Me., Sept. 11.—There was great excitement in this city on account of the grand jury finding an indictment against Edgar C. Wakefield and George Silver for manslaughter.

It will be remembered that Charles Blenn met his death on July 23 at Horse Shoe pond, six miles from this city, under very suspicious circumstances. At that time Wakefield and Silver were detained by order of Judge Larrabee, but the coroner's jury failing to find evidence enough to hold them they were released. The jury's verdict was that "Blenn came to his death by drowning, but as to how he got into the water we are unable to determine."

Blenn's relatives, not being satisfied with this verdict, engaged Detective D. W. Sullivan of Boston to unravel the mystery. Sullivan arrived here about a week ago, and how well he has succeeded is shown by the fact that the grand jury have found an indictment against them for manslaughter. Detective Sullivan, assisted by State Detective True, arrested Silver Saturday night and placed him in jail. Wakefield was arrested at Springfield, Mass.

TO DEFEND THE CUP.

The Vigilant Chosen to Try Conclusions With the Valkyrie.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., Sept. 12.—The third trial race for the honor of defending the America's cup has been won by the Vigilant. Colonia finished second, Jubilee third, Pilgrim fourth.

At the meeting of the America's cup committee, held on board the flagship May, after the race, it was formally decided that the Vigilant should defend the America's cup against the Valkyrie. No protest was received from General Paine.

The Vigilant behaved magnificently and outdistanced her three competitors. The Colonia, which came in second, was well handled, but was plainly no match for the Vigilant.

Conscience Troubled Him.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 12.—Allan Seaman, a wholesale provision dealer, has transferred a portion of his business, valued at $5000, to Sperry & Barnes, wholesale pork packers, to remunerate them for losses they sustained by a conspiracy in which Seaman was the chief. Two dishonest shipping clerks in Sperry & Barnes' establishment stole the stock and sold it to Seaman at reduced prices. Seaman is prominent in church and society circles.

Resigned by Request.

BANGOR, Me., Sept. 14.—Bangor business men were startled when a report was circulated that George W. Snow, the collector of water rates, had been found to be short in his accounts about $800. Mr. Snow was asked to resign, and he did so. His successor was immediately elected, W. Irving Brown, who has long been connected with the Bangor postoffice, being given the position.

Accident or Design?

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 11.—John Rieger one of the leading German-American citizens of Whitneyville, was found dead in Lake Whitney. He went fishing and failed to return at the usual time. He had been in poor health for some time, though there is a possibility of suicide. He carried life insurance amounting to $10,000. He was 63 years and leaves a wife and three children.

Found in a Manchester Bank.

MANCHESTER, N. H., Sept. 13.—In looking over the affairs in the savings department of the Bank of New England, preparatory to resuming business, $6500 of the People's Fire Insurance company's money was found on deposit. There is no record on the company's books of the deposit, and the bank book has not yet been found.

A Maiden Elopement.

MALDEN, Mass., Sept. 13.—The elopement is reported of W. P. Willard, a sewing machine agent, and Mrs. Carrie Anderson, his boarding mistress. Willard has a wife and family, but has not lived with them for some years. Mrs. Anderson's husband is a Boston gasfitter. Willard is 50 years of age and Mrs. Anderson is 28.

Wants $25,000 For Personal Injuries.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 12.—On May 20 last, in the Grand Trunk railroad yard of this city, Thomas J. Silk, a laborer, was seriously injured by the falling of a coal run. Suit has now been commenced against the road by Silk for damages to the amount of $25,000.

Tried to Escape From Prison.

BOSTON, Sept. 12.—Henry Taylor, a colored man, and four other inmates of the state prison named Timmins, Drehan and Dolan, attempted to escape early yesterday morning, but were discovered just in time to prevent it. All have bad records.

Windle's Records Tied.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., Sept. 11.—Over 2000 spectators saw A. A. Zimmerman go a trial mile in 2m. 2 3-5s., flying start, tying Willie Windle's world's record. He again went for the half-mile and did it in 57 4-5s., which also ties the record held by Windle.

Potter's Second Trial.

BOSTON, Sept. 12.—Asa P. Potter's second trial commenced yesterday afternoon in the United States circuit court. It is alleged that he made false entries in the books of the Maverick National bank while he was president of that institution.

A Worthy Decision.

HARTFORD, Sept. 13.—The state board of education for the blind has decided to provide for the education of all blind persons of suitable age upon certificate that they are eligible under the law. The board will also clothe them if necessary. All blind persons sent by the governor to the Perkins Institute for the blind at Boston are to be under the control of the board.

IN CONGRESS.

Condensed Report of Proceedings In the Senate and House.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9.—Senators Faulkner, Turpie and Jones continued the silver debate in the senate. Senator Hale stirred up a breeze by reading Voorhees and the senate a lecture in urging speedy action.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—Discussion on the repeal bill was the only thing done in the senate. No new points were brought out.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 12.—Pugh and Teller made bitter speeches against repeal in the senate. The latter argued that the panic is already over and that prosperity lessened the demand for repeal. In conclusion, he said that silver men would take two months, if necessary, to accomplish their aims.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 13.—Senator Teller got very excited in the silver debate, but his excitement was quelled by adjournment. Senator Hawley talked with emphasis for repeal. The house did nothing of importance.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—Senator Voorhees made a move for closure on the repeal question, but the matter was not pressed to a trial. Senators Shoup and Dolph made their speeches. The house session was uninteresting.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 15.—Senator Daniel made a long speech against repeal. The fight over the election laws repeal was begun in the house.

THE ABINGTON RIOT.

Two of the Alleged Participants Fined For Resisting Arrest.

ABINGTON, Mass., Sept. 11.—The trials growing out of the recent riot and railroad war at North Abington were continued yesterday. Edward Mackie, charged with the larceny of an engine of the railroad, was discharged. The cases of Christopher L. Bailey, charged with assault upon Officer Russell, and of Augustus H. Frazer, charged with assault upon Officer Hollis, were tried together. Lawyer Kingman stated that the defense would rest the cases without offering any testimony. He claimed that Bailey and Frazar were justified in using force in resisting arrest, as the officers had not warrants for the officials' arrest.

Judge Bouve found the defendants guilty and imposed a fine of $11 each. They appealed and gave bonds in $300 to appear in the superior court.

BRENTON'S REEF CUP.

Regatta Committee Decides That It Belongs to the Navahoe.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—The regatta committee of the Royal yacht squadron, to which was referred the protest of Royal Phelps Carroll of the yacht Navahoe against the decision of the judges, awarding the Brenton's Reef cup to the Prince of Wales' yacht Britannia and declaring her victor in Wednesday's race by 2 1-2 seconds, decided that Navahoe had won the race.

As soon as the decision of the committee was made known, Navahoe, which is lying at anchor in Cowes roads, hoisted the winning flag. Britannia flew the emblem all day Wednesday.

Waiting For Reports.

BOSTON, Sept. 13.—No action has been taken by the railroad commissioners on the testimony heard last week on the Chester disaster. Another report is awaited on the recent catastrophe at North Attleboro. Many people doubt if anyone is found criminally guilty in either case, and say that reprimands in both cases may be expected.

Charged With Bigamy.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 11.—Isaac Goldenstein, a wealthy real estate owner of this city, and his wife, Ernestin Goldenstein, were last night arrested for bigamy. It is claimed that Goldenstein married another woman in 1869, and about eight years ago he deserted her for his present wife, who was cognizant of his former marriage.

Perhaps He Is Innocent.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 15.—Proceedings have been stayed in the case of William C. Swinburne, adopted son of ex-Mayor William J. Swinburne of Newport, who is charged with forgery in Colorado. Later information seems to throw doubt upon his guilt, and the extradition papers are held pending further investigation.

Impaled on a Hook.

QUINCY, Mass., Sept. 11.—Thomas Kelley, aged 13, is alleged to have been annoying some Italian laborers engaged in excavating a water pipe trench on Liberty street, and the irate workmen ran after him. He ran into a hook suspended from a crane and tore open the lower abdomen, inflicting a severe wound.

A Double Blow.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 13.—The Lonsdale company has posted notices raising the rent of the company's tenements 10 per cent in Lonsdale as well as Ashton. This action, coupled with yesterday's notice of a reduction of 10 per cent in wages, has created consternation among the employes.

Scheme Proved Successful.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 12.—The scheme of Mayor Sargent to bond the city to pay 5 per cent interest on a bond of $100,000, borrowed from private individuals, is meeting with marked success. Amounts are being received from private individuals at the rate of $3000 per day.

Dr. Graves' Body.

PUTNAM, Conn., Sept. 15.—The body of Dr. T. Thatcher Graves arrived at West Thompson last night and was placed in the receiving tomb. Arrangements for burial have not been completed and the body will probably remain in the tomb a few days.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Doings at Brighton and Watertown For the Week Ending Sept. 13.

Amount of stock on the market:

	Cattle.	Sheep and Lambs.	Swine.
Western	2,000	3,578	21,000
Maine	115	76	....
New Hampshire	123	1,216	113
Vermont	121	1,181	112
Massachusetts	96	113	21
New York	41	72	31
Canada	....	1,314	....
Totals	3,324	5,398	21,308

Prices for western beef cattle per 100 lbs, live weight—Choice, $4.50@75; second quality, $4@4.25; third quality, $3.50@3.75; poorest grades of coarse oxen, cows, bulls, stags, etc. 2@3½c per lb.

Prices for northern and eastern beef cattle per lb, dressed weight—Choice, 8½@9½c; first quality, 7½@8c; second quality, 6½@7½c; poorest grades of coarse oxen, cows, bulls, stags, etc, 4@5c per lb.

Hides, tallow, etc—Hides, 4½@5c per lb; tallow, 3½c per lb; calf skins, 75c each; lamb skins, 50c each; sheared skins, 25c each; branded hides, 3c per lb.

Northern and eastern beef cattle—The supply was light, but was all that the demand required. There were no very good cattle offered, and it was well that it was so, for buyers were scarce. Values showed no change from last week.

Milch cows and springers—The supply was large. Trade continues dull in this line, and drovers say they do not expect it much better during this month. There were no first class buyers present, and only a few head were sold to jobbers and speculators.

Sheep and lambs—The supply was heavier than last week. Values were about the same as last week, but it was stated that had there been a few choice lambs on the market stiffer prices might have been obtained.

Western beef cattle—The stock was assigned to the exporters.

Veal calves—This stock was in light receipt and of a very poor quality. Most of the stock offered was sold to dealers for immediate use. Values showed an increase of about ¼c over last week. This was due to the light supply rather than to the quality of the stock offered.

New Advertisements.

RAYMOND'S VACATION EXCURSIONS.

ALL TRAVELING EXPENSES INCLUDED

THE WORLD'S Columbian Exposition

To meet a special demand we have arranged for two parties to leave Boston September 27 and October 4 for a Tour of Ten Days each, the stay in Chicago to be at Barron's Suburban Hotel, on Madison Ave., corner of 61st St., near the World's Fair Grounds. All travel will be in Special Pullman Vestibuled Trains with Dining Cars, with a stop of six Hours at Niagara Falls.

Price of Tickets, $100,

including transportation, Pullman berth, and meals in Dining Cars both ways, one week at the Suburban Hotel, transfers to and from the hotel, and admissions to the Fair.

Autumn Tours to California: Two parties will leave Boston for the Pacific Coast October 18, one of them going by the Santa Fe route, the other via Colorado.

Our Annual Winter Trips to California once a month or oftener, begin November 16.

☞ Send for descriptive circular, mentioning whether Exposition, Autumn or Winter book is desired.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB,

296 Washington St. (opposite School St.) Boston

9-9-2w

Grand Excursion

from Newport to

New York & Coney Island

on the popular and commodious

STR. CITY OF RICHMOND

Without loss of Time

Leaving Newport and Wickford R.R. and Steamboat Co. wharf Saturday night, Sept. 16, at 9 o'clock, arriving in New York at 5 and Coney Island at 10 A. M. Returning leave New York Sunday night at 5 o'clock, arriving in Newport Monday at 5.30 A. M., giving all day Sunday at New York or the Island as you wish. Steamer arrives at and departs from Pier 36 East River nearly under Brooklyn Bridge. Fare round trip $2.00. Tickets and State Rooms for sale by T. S. Holm, newspapers and periodicals, 126 Thames street. New York, Boston and Providence Papers delivered at residences.

9-9-2w

For Sale.

Good, Nearly New

MILK WAGON

at a Bargain. Apply at

J. B. BACHELLER'S,

P. O. Box 116. Commercial Wharf.

THE

BEST PIANO

for the

Least Money.

is what we offer.

Come and see it.

Cash or installment.

JAMES H. BARNEY, Jr. & Co.,

154 Thames Street.

Rep. M. Steinert & Sons Co.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES For Sale.

I have on hand

30 Horses and 100 Carriages

That must be sold and can sell cheaper than ever sold in Newport.

30 New Carriages at Cost

New Road Carts $18

Open Wagons New $35

New Box Buggy $65

Other Carriages in Proportion.

I have no use for them and will

WILL SELL OR EXCHANGE FOR HAY.

LAWTON'S

Touro Street

9-9-1mo

Old Colony Railroad Company.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Old Colony Railroad Company will be held at the United States Hotel, in Boston, on Tuesday, the twenty-sixth day of September, 1893, at 10½ o'clock, A. M., for the following purposes: viz.—

1. To act upon the report of the directors to the stockholders.
2. To choose a board of directors for the ensuing year.
3. To consider if the stockholders will authorize the directors to issue bonds to an amount not exceeding $3,000,000, and to pass all votes necessary therefor.
4. To act upon any other business that may properly be brought before the meeting.

By order of the directors.

EDWARD G. PARKER,

August 25th, 1893. Clerk.

N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co.

Stockholders, and no other Persons, will be passed over the railroad to the meeting on September 26th, and after its adjournment to their places of residence, on exhibiting their certificates of stock to the conductors. Proxies will not entitle the holder to a free passage.

J. R. KENDRICK,

9-9-3w Third Vice-President.

New Advertisements.

TOWN OF MIDDLETOWN.

Proposals for Improving Roads.

TOWN CLERK'S OFFICE of Middletown, R. I. September 6, A. D., 1893.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this Office until

MONDAY, September 18, 1893, at twelve o'clock noon,

for grading, stoning and improving a section of Green End Avenue on Honeyman's Hill about 850 feet in length, and a section of the West Main Road on Buffum's Hill, 1026 feet in length, according to profile and specifications adopted by the Town Council of said Middletown this day, and to be seen at this Office. Proposals must state lump price separately for improving each of said sections of road, and be directed to the Town Council of said Middletown. Said Town Council hereby reserves the right to reject any and all of said proposals and to require bond of contractor to insure due execution of contract.

By order and in behalf of said Town Council.

ALBERT L. CHASE,

9-9-2w Clerk.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of the power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage Deed, given by Luther Milliken, of the town of New Shoreham, in the county of Newport and State of Rhode Island (Penelope L. Milliken, his wife, joining in release of dower), to Grafton N. Milliken, both of said New Shoreham, bearing date August 15th, A. D. 1876, and recorded in Land Evidence of said New Shoreham, Mortgages, book No. 1, at pages 131, 135 and 136, which said mortgage was duly assigned to the Island Savings Bank, a corporation created by law, by said Grafton N. Milliken and Everett J. Milliken, by deed bearing date June 6th, A. D. 1883, and recorded in said Land Evidence of New Shoreham, Mortgages, book No. 1, at page 220. There having been default in the condition contained in said mortgage which has continued more than ten days,

There will be sold at public auction, on the premises hereinafter described, in the said town of New Shoreham, on TUESDAY, September 19th, A. D. 1893, at two o'clock and thirty minutes P. M., all the right, title and interest of the said Luther Milliken, at the time of the execution of the said Mortgage deed, in and to a certain parcel of land with a dwelling house, barn and other outbuildings thereon, situate in the southeasterly part of the said town of New Shoreham, and bounded as follows: Westerly, on land of Freeman Milliken, and the heirs of the late Thomas Rose; Northerly, on land of Freeman Milliken, Arnold Milliken and Girden Milliken; Easterly, on the sea shore and land of Freeman Milliken; Southerly, on land of Herbert S. Milliken, or however otherwise the said land may be bounded, said land containing about fifteen acres, be the same more or less.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of its intention to bid at said sale.

ISLAND SAVINGS BANK,

by EDWARD NEWTON,

8-26-4w Its Treasurer.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE

BY VIRTUE of the power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage Deed, given by Herbert S. Milliken and Laura A. Milliken, his wife, both of the town of New Shoreham in the County of Newport and State of Rhode Island, to the Island Savings Bank, a corporation created by law, bearing date November 19th, A. D. 1886, and recorded, Land Evidence of New Shoreham, Mortgages, book No. 2, pages 202, 203, 204 and 233. There having been default in the condition contained in said mortgage which has continued for more than ten days,

There will be sold at public auction, on the premises hereinafter described, in the said town of New Shoreham, TUESDAY, September 19th, A. D. 1893, at three o'clock P. M., all the right, title and interest of the said Herbert S. Milliken and Laura A. Milliken, and of either of them at the execution of the said mortgage in and to a certain tract of land, together with all the buildings and improvements thereon, and situated in the extreme southeast part of the said town of New Shoreham, and bounded as follows: Northerly, on land of the heirs of Luther Milliken; Easterly, on the sea; Southerly, on land of Francis W. Miner, and Westerly, on land of the United States Government; said tract of land containing about eight acres, be the same more or less.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of its intention to bid at said sale.

ISLAND SAVINGS BANK,

by EDWARD NEWTON,

8-26-4w Its Treasurer.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of the power of sale contained in a certain Mortgage Deed given by Herbert S. Milliken and Laura A. Milliken, his wife, both of the town of New Shoreham, in the County of Newport and State of Rhode Island, to the Island Savings Bank, a corporation created by law, bearing date June 30th, A. D. 1885, and recorded in Land Evidence of said New Shoreham, book 2 at pages 69, 70 and 289. There having been default in the condition contained in said mortgage,

There will be sold at public auction on the premises hereinafter described, in the said town of New Shoreham, on TUESDAY, September 19th, A. D. 1893, at three o'clock and thirty minutes P. M., all the right, title and interest of the said Herbert S. Milliken and Laura A. Milliken, and of either of them at the time of the execution of the said mortgage in and to a certain tract of land situate in the southeast part of the said town of New Shoreham, and bounded as follows: Northerly, on a driftway; Easterly, on the bank; Southerly, on land of Freeman M. Milliken, and the heirs of Luther Milliken; Westerly, on a driftway or the heirs of Luther Milliken; said tract of land containing about seven acres be the same more or less.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of its intention to bid at said sale.

ISLAND SAVINGS BANK,

by EDWARD NEWTON,

8-26-4w Its Treasurer.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE

BY VIRTUE of a power of sale contained in a Mortgage Deed made and executed by Jay Wheeler Dow, of Wyoming, in the State of New Jersey, to Herbert S. Milliken, bearing date March 1st, A. D. 1889, and recorded in the records of New Shoreham, Book of mortgages, numbered 2, on pages 236, 237 and 238, which mortgage was by the said Herbert S. Milliken assigned to the Island Savings Bank, a corporation established in Newport.

There will be sold by public auction on the premises in said New Shoreham, on TUESDAY, September 19th, 1893, at 2 o'clock P. M., all of the right, title and interest of the said mortgagor in and to all of that parcel of land situated in the southeast part of said town of New Shoreham, being part of what has been known as "the whale plain" bounded (beginning at the northeast corner, at the east side of a large rock, that marks the dividing line of said land from land of Robert R. Lear, and running south from thence 57° 27' west, two hundred and seventy feet; then running south 63° 19' east to the top, or break, of the bank, thence following the top of the bank south to a stub three hundred and twenty one feet distant, thence south 53° east to the centre of a large rock on the shore with a hole drilled in it, then easterly on the sea, northerly, on the stone wall that separates said premises from said lands of said Robert R. Lear to the top of the bank and following the general course of the wall to the sea.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of his intention to bid at the said sale.

EDWARD NEWTON,

8-26-4w Treasurer Island Savings Bank.

At the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Wednesday, the 6th day of September, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M.

WILLIAM J. COZZENS, guardian of the person and estate of

HERBERT LAWTON

of Newport, minor, presents his annual account with the estate of said minor, and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 25th day of September, 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the Newport Mercury once a week, at least, for fourteen days.

WM. H. HAMMETT,

9-9 Probate Clerk.

NOTICE OF EXECUTRIX.

JANE C. WEAVER hereby gives notice that she has been appointed by the Court of Probate of Newport, R. I., the Executrix of the will of THOMAS H. WEAVER, late of said Newport, deceased, and that she is qualified to act as such Executrix.

Newport, R. I., September 2, 1893.

New Advertisements.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage deed given by William L. Fish (Phebe E. Fish, wife of said William L. Fish, joining in token of her release of dower) of the Town of Portsmouth in the County of Newport and State of Rhode Island, to the Island Savings Bank, bearing date, February 20th, A. D. 1882, and recorded in Land Evidence of said Portsmouth, Vol. 18, pages 216, 217 and 218, breach having occurred in the condition contained in said mortgage.

There will be sold at public auction on the first of the premises hereinafter described on Saturday, the fourteenth day of October, A. D. 1893, at 1 o'clock noon, all the right, title and interest of the said William L. Fish at the time of the execution of said mortgage in and to that certain tract or parcel of land lying in said Portsmouth containing two acres, more or less, with a dwelling house and other buildings thereon standing and is bounded, northerly and westerly, by land of Asa B. Anthony, southerly by land now or late of Elizabeth F. Sherman and easterly, by the West Main Road leading from Bristol Ferry to Newport; and another parcel of land lying in said Portsmouth containing about sixteen rods of land, with a store and tenement and other buildings thereon, and is bounded; northerly, by land of Joseph W. Greene, easterly, by the East Main Road leading from Stone Bridge to Newport, southerly, by land of Stephen D. Munroe, and westerly by land of Welcome W. Fitcher; also an undivided half part of another piece or parcel of land lying in said Portsmouth containing one quarter of an acre (in the whole) with a store building thereon and is bounded: northerly and easterly, by land of James K. Tallman and wife, southerly, by land of Alexander H. Manchester, and westerly, by the East Main Road, leading from Stone Bridge to Newport, or however otherwise said three parcels of land may be bounded or described, they being the premises described in said mortgage.

The undersigned hereby gives notice of its intention to bid at said sale.

ISLAND SAVINGS BANK,

by EDWARD NEWTON,

9-16-4w Treasurer.

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, Sc. SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Newport, June 20th, A. D. 1893.

BY VIRTUE, and in pursuance of an Execution issued out of the District Court of the First Judicial District, within and for the County of Newport, on the 19th day of June, A. D. 1893, and returnable to the said Court, September 19, A. D. 1893, upon a judgment rendered by said Court on the 11th day of April, A. D. 1893, in favor of John C. Atwater, of Newport, in said County, plaintiff, and against Charles N. Porter, of said Newport, County and State aforesaid, defendant, I have this day at 25 minutes past 2 o'clock P. M., levied the said Execution on all the right, title and interest, which the said defendant, Charles N. Porter, had on the 24th day of March, A. D. 1893, at 20 minutes past 10 o'clock A. M., (the time of the attachment on the original writ) in and to a certain lot, or parcel of land with all the buildings and improvements thereupon, situated in said City of Newport, in said County of Newport, in the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, and bounded as follows: Southerly, on land of John H. Medin and wife and by an open way 15 feet wide to Bath road, 13 feet 2 inches; Westerly, on land of James S. Hazard, 39 3-10 feet; Northerly, on land of Mary Malgen, 42 3-10 feet, and Easterly on land and premises of Emma Greene, widow of Charles S. Greene, 60 feet and 3 inches, be the same more or less or however otherwise bounded and described,

AND

NOTICE is hereby given that I will sell the said attached and levied on estate at a Public Auction to be held in front of the State House in said City of Newport in said county, on the 20th day of September, A. D. 1893, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the satisfaction of said execution, debt, interest on the same, costs of suit, my own fees and all contingent expenses, if sufficient.

PARDON S. KAULL,

8-26-4w Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff's Sale.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

NEWPORT, Sc. SHERIFF'S OFFICE, Newport, January 4, A. D. 1893.

BY VIRTUE, and in pursuance of an Execution issued out of the Supreme Court of Rhode Island, within and for the County of Newport, on the fourth day of January, A. D. 1893, and returnable to the March term of said Court, A. D. 1893, upon a judgment rendered by said Court on the twenty-ninth day of September, A. D. 1892, in favor of George T. Baker and Wendall P. Hale, co-partners, as Baker, Hale & Co., both of the City and County of Providence and State of Rhode Island, plaintiffs, and against Hiram J. Murray, of the City and County of Newport, in said State of Rhode Island, defendant, I have this day at 20 minutes past 10 o'clock A. M., levied the said Execution on all the right, title and interest, which the said defendant, Hiram J. Murray, had on the ninth day of July, A. D. 1892, at 5 minutes past 12 o'clock P. M. (the time of the attachment on the original writ,) in and to a certain lot, or parcel of land with all the buildings, and improvements thereupon, situated in said City of Newport, in said County of Newport, in the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, and bounded as follows: Northerly, forty-nine feet on Market square; Westerly, thirty-three feet on land of Benjamin H. H. Sherman; Southerly, on land of Isaac W. Sherman, and Easterly, on land conveyed by Charles P. Barber to Charles E. Hammett, or however otherwise the same may be bounded. Recorded in Land Evidence, vol. 61, page 337, of the City of Newport,

AND

NOTICE is hereby given that I will sell the said attached and levied on estate at a Public Auction to be held in front of the State House in said city of Newport in said county on the 4th day of April, A. D. 1893, at 12 o'clock noon, for the satisfaction of said execution, debt, interest on the same, costs of suit, my own fees and all contingent expenses if sufficient.

PARDON S. KAULL,

3-11-4w Deputy Sheriff.

NEWPORT, R. I., April 4, A. D. 1893.

NEWPORT, Sc.

The above sale is hereby adjourned to TUESDAY, the second day of May, A. D. 1893, at the same hour and place of sale above named.

PARDON S. KAULL,

4-8 Deputy Sheriff.

NEWPORT, R. I., May 2d, A. D. 1893.

NEWPORT, Sc.

The above advertised sale is hereby adjourned to SATURDAY, the 3d day of June, A. D. 1893, at the same hour and place of sale above named.

PARDON S. KAULL,

5-6 Deputy Sheriff.

NEWPORT, R. I., June 3, A. D. 1893.

NEWPORT, Sc.

The above advertised sale is hereby adjourned to SATURDAY, the 1st day of July, A. D. 1893, at the same hour and place of sale above named.

PARDON S. KAULL,

6-10 Deputy Sheriff.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 1st, A. D. 1893.

NEWPORT, Sc.

The above advertised sale is hereby adjourned to SATURDAY, the 29th day of July, A. D. 1893, at the same hour and place of sale above named.

PARDON S. KAULL,

7-8 Deputy Sheriff.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 29th, A. D. 1893.

NEWPORT, Sc.

The above advertised sale is hereby adjourned to SATURDAY, the 26th day of August, A. D. 1893, at the same hour and place of sale above named.

PARDON S. KAULL,

8-5 Deputy Sheriff.

NEWPORT, R. I., August 26, A. D. 1893.

NEWPORT, Sc.

The above advertised sale is hereby adjourned to SATURDAY, the 23d day of September, A. D. 1893, at the same hour and place of sale above named.

PARDON S. KAULL,

9-2-4w Deputy Sheriff.

At the Court of Probate of the City of Newport, in Rhode Island, holden on Monday, the 28th day of August, A. D. 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M.

ROBERT S. FRANKLIN, Administrator of the estate of

STEPHEN H. NORMAN,

late of Newport, deceased, presents his first account of administration on said estate, and prays that the same may be examined, allowed and recorded.

It is ordered that the consideration of said account be referred to Monday, the 11th day of September, 1893, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Probate Office in the City Hall, Newport, and that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by advertisement in the Newport Mercury once a week at least, for fourteen days.

WM. H. HAMMETT,

9-2 Probate Clerk.